

Petition to End TV Censorship

The undersigned inmates at the Florida State Prison, Starke, Florida, ask prison officials to cease electronically jamming the signals of both local public television (PBS) stations so we may again watch WUFT (channel 5) in Gainesville and WJCT (channel 7) in Jacksonville.

Thank You.

Print Name	Sign Name	Prison No.
MICHAEL BRUNO	Michael Bruno	658761
Johnny Perry	Johnny Perry	#101082
Martin E. Grossman	Martin E. Grossman	089742
Bobby Francis	Bobby Francis	009952
Aubrey Dennis Adams, Jr.	Aubrey Dennis Adams, Jr.	067227
Robert Peede	Robert Peede	09384
James Huff	James R. Huff	075985
Dennis M. Sochor	Dennis M. Sochor	639131
CHARLES L. Burr	Charlie L. Burr	084592
Robert Glock II	Robert Glock II	093836
John Hardwick	John Hardwick	073053
Michael S. Keen	M. S. Keen	900052
Vernon Amos	Vernon Amos	603352
JEFFREY A. MUENLEMAN	Jeffrey A. Muenleman	094506

April 14, 1988

Hi ted

Well I finally got to see what you look like, I guess you've been on the news alot this week, I should say this month how old are you? you are a very good looking man. I saved your picture from the front page of the Los Angeles times, I hope they give you more time ted, if they dont, I dont know what to say. Its hard to say good bye, maybe you can watch over me, and I'm sure you'll find happiness in your new life because your ~~spirit & soul~~? soul lives on forever and you wont have to suffer any more, I wish I could make you feel better, ted think of something good, I didnt know that all this was going on, now I know and understand why you didnt write. But thank you for telling Michael about me, I'm going to tell you why I ever wrote you, I was and still am very much in love with a man I spent 2 years with he never hurt me and was full of love and had the biggest heart, but he was a killer. Its so hard to understand he said to me alot that he hated his mother, I felt maybe that had something to do with it.

But Some one Called him Ted Bundy the 2ed
I believe you are a good man as he was.
there was just one thing in your life that Went
Wrong. But I wish you the best Honey, and if
by chance you get those 3 years I'll keep writing
I'll also keep my fingers crossed for ya, and
I will say a prayer for you.

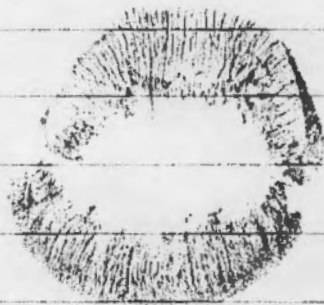
With love
Jenny

P I can't spell Very well but I'm sure
you can read it.

take care,



If what they say is true about gosses,
haunt me in a nice way,



past by jr. high
daily

4180

1 and the defendant, after which the following proceedings
2 occurred:)

3 CROSS-EXAMINATION (CONTINUED)

4 BY MR. AFRICANO:

5 Q How many times do you recall having driven from the
6 fire station along the route that you just took, that you have
7 just described?

8 A That's an impossible question. At this time, I
9 think I had worked there seven or eight years, lived in the
10 same residence for about the same length of time, passed there
11 several times a day most every day. You know, there are other
12 routes that I took. That was primarily the route I used
13 most of the time.

14 Q Okay.

15 A Going to and from work, off duty, and going into
16 overtime, it was the main route.

17 Q Do you ever recall going through there and going
18 by there at or about the same time of day that you went by
19 that day?

20 A I'm sure I did.

21 Q Do you ever recall being held up in traffic in
22 front of the junior high during any of those times before?

23 A Yes.

24 Q Have you ever been held up waiting for a parent to
25 pick up his or her child coming across the street?

A176

TABLE I

STATEMENTS OF CLARENCE ANDERSON

	<u>Prior to Hypnosis</u>	<u>First Hypnotic Session</u>	<u>Second Hypnotic Session</u>	<u>Trial Testimony</u>
✓ <u>Date of Observed Event</u>	maybe April <i>four months ago around April</i>	some day in April <i>think it's April</i>	February 9, because he worked that day and it was the day after his daughter's birthday	February 9, because it was the day after his daughter's birthday
✓ <u>Anderson's Activities Before Observed Event</u>	no statement <i>at the fire station for overtime</i> <i>Anderson's activities on day of event</i>	no statement <i>got off duty</i>	drank coffee, checked on drug cabinet at work, asked for time to run home to shower and change clothes, checked that his replacement was available	received several calls the night before to work overtime, and finally went in because of a trip to Gainesville; missed his daughter's birthday party
✓ <u>Anderson's Activities After Observed Event</u>	home from work	home from work, took shower, went to bed, slept until noon	went home from work, asked wife to iron shirt, took shower, ate daughter's birthday cake, <i>went back to work</i>	went home from work, asked wife to iron shirt, probably ate birthday cake

need page number references

CROSS-EXAMINATION (CONTINUED)

BY MR. AFRICANO:

Q Mr. Anderson, I'll ask you again, do you recall, sometime between the two hypnotic sessions, being called into the fire chief's office and Mr. Dekle, Mr. Daugherty and perhaps others were going over your work records to determine if you were working on February 9th?

A Yes.

Q Okay. And you are aware they were looking for the date February 9th?

A Right.

Q Okay. Did that have any significance to you?

A Yes.

Q And what significance did it have?

A If I was working February the 9th, there was a good chance that I was mistaken as to who I saw, what I saw.

Q Okay.

A In other words, if I was on duty, what I saw happened another day.

Q Okay. And was that the first time that that date became significant to you?

A I'm not absolutely certain. It seems like the first time that I went to see Mr. Dekle and Mr. Daugherty--

Q I'm sorry, Mr. Anderson. I can hardly hear you.

A It seemed like the first time that I went to Chief

*and he was on duty
so A/GI*

*U
note !!!
very important*

4166

1 Philpot, Investigator Daugherty, Mr. Dekle, I went home to
2 talk it over with my wife, trying to establish when I could
3 have seen it, and my wife said, Well, I don't remember the
4 exact date, or something similar to that, but it happened
5 sometime around Lori's birthday. And I remembered leaving the
6 fire station in the morning, and I was assuming that I was off
7 duty, going home. And so, a day or so later, maybe the
8 following day, after talking with my wife, they were checking
9 my records to see as to what day I worked and what day I was
10 off.

11 Q Did you report to them during that session, while
12 they were going through your records, that you had
13 independently recollected that February 9th, 1978 was the date
14 you had seen what you saw?

15 A No, sir, I didn't. I don't think I did.

16 Q Is there any particular reason why you did not?

17 A No, sir, not that I can think of. I'm not even
18 dead certain that that is the exact day that I had this
19 particular discussion with my wife. It could have been the
20 following day, after talking and checking with my records.
21 I honestly can't recall at this instant.

22 Q So, if the conversation that you had with Mrs.
23 Anderson was subsequent to this meeting with your chief and
24 Mr. Dekle and Investigator Daugherty looking over your
25 records of the 9th, would it be safe to say that, during

A162

id of [redacted] X resistant

1 [redacted], the fact that she looked a lot like your niece, and
2 that you had seen a girl that looked a lot like your niece
3 in this situation before. Why didn't you at least come forward
4 and say, I saw the [redacted] girl?

5 MR. BLAIR: Your Honor, it's argumentative. It's
6 repetitious.

7 THE COURT: I sustain it. He answered that
8 question two or three times.

9 MR. AFRICANO: Okay.

10 CROSS-EXAMINATION (CONTINUED)

11 BY MR. AFRICANO:

12 Q How did you know, when that picture jumped out at
13 you, that it was it was the [redacted] girl?

14 A Mr. Africano, I probably knew it for some time.
15 Exactly when I realized that it was the [redacted] girl, I have no
16 earthly idea. I just would not admit it to myself.

17 Q Okay. Would it be safe to say that you knew it,
18 but would not admit it to yourself prior to seeing Mr. Bundy's
19 picture on television?

20 A Yes, sir.

21 Q During the course of time while the search for the
22 [redacted] girl was going on, did you ever have a conversation
23 with anybody about what you thought you might have seen?

24 A Yes, sir. One afternoon, I don't recall a date, a
25 friend of mine, myself, Mr. Frank Gorman, were fishing in a

photo same !!

1 BY MR. AFRICANO:

2 Q Is this the picture that was on that missing
3 persons photo?

4 A Yes, sir.

5 Q And was this the picture that appeared in the
6 newspaper and on TV the number of times that you said you
7 saw it?

8 A Yes, sir.

9 Q Okay. How about Mr. Bundy's picture? How many
10 times did you see his picture in the newspaper or on TV?

11 A I can only recall seeing it one time. I may have
12 seen it more, but I only recall seeing it one time that I
13 specifically looked at it, you know.

14 Q Do you recall when that was or what picture it was?

15 A I don't recall the date. I recall the picture. It
16 was taken by somebody standing above him. It was just like
17 somebody had a camera and someone was standing there,
18 and it was straight on, taken at a down angle.

19 Q Were you aware that Mr. Bundy's picture was in the
20 paper or on TV on a number of occasions--

21 A Yes.

22 Q --during that period of time?

23 A Yes.

24 Q Besides what was characterized in that newspaper
25 article or what was being speculated in the press, were you

photo more

yes !!!

4142

1 search?

2 A Yes.

3 Q Okay. How many times do you think, to the best
4 of your recollection, did you see [REDACTED]'s pic-
5 ture in the newspaper or on television?

6 A Maybe two, three, four times.

7 Q Okay.

8 A I didn't dwell to any great extent on this, Mr.
9 Africano. I spent a lot of time working. I had other things
10 on my mind.

11 Q Okay. Well--

12 A I realize this was a great big, you know, think in
13 Lake City, but, at this particular time in my life, I had
14 other things on my mind than what was going on in Lake City.

15 Q Okay. Was there not also a missing persons
16 bulletin posted in the fire department with her picture on it?

17 A No, sir, not in the fire department.

18 Q Where was it posted?

19 A I believe there was one in the police department.

20 Q Okay. Did you ever see that?

21 A Yes, sir.

22 Q Okay.

23 MR. AFRICANO: May I have State's Exhibit 1,
24 please?

25 CROSS-EXAMINATION (CONTINUED)

A/38

Each photo seen

1 disappearance?

2 A No.

3 Q Okay. During the months that transpired after her
4 disappearance and the time her body was recovered, was there
5 a lot of activity going on in Lake City with reference to
6 the search for her?

7 A I'm sure there was.

8 Q Were you aware of it?

9 A Yes, sir.

10 Q Okay. How were you made aware of that?

11 A TV, radio, newspapers.

12 Q Would it be safe to say that her picture was in the
13 paper on several occasions?

14 A Yes, sir.

15 Q A number of occasions?

16 A (Nods head affirmatively)

17 Q Would it be safe to say that the Lake City Reporter
18 almost constantly carried stories about the search for the
19 little girl?

20 A Yes, sir.

21 Q Would it be safe to say that the Lake City
22 Reporter reported incidents about the little girl, what she
23 was wearing, some of the leads that the police were following?

24 A I don't recall reading it, but very possibly they
25 did.

A156-167

not true

4091

1 Q Has anyone connected with the investigation or
2 with the state attorney's office or otherwise suggested that
3 date to you at any time?

4 A No, sir.

5 Q With respect to the records at the fire department,
6 how do you sign, what is your signature on those records?

7 A C. L. Anderson.

8 MR. BLAIR: Nothing further of this witness at this
9 time, Your Honor.

10 THE COURT: Mr. Africano?

11 CROSS-EXAMINATION

12 BY MR. AFRICANO:

13 Q Mr. Anderson.

14 A Mr. Africano.

15 Q You have testified that you did not come forward
16 with this information until July 28th, 1978.

17 A Yes, sir.

18 Q All right. This would be approximately five months
19 and three weeks after you now report that you recollect seeing
20 this incident. Okay. Please tell me, if you will, sir, after
21 having made your initial statement to Mr. Dekle, just what
22 transpired between the several of you that were there that
23 caused you to agree to give, to undergo hypnosis.

24 A I wanted to make absolutely sure that my memory was
25 as clear as it could possibly be. I knew absolutely nothing

A88

*date
level of
certainty*

4088

1 quite often that day to work overtime. It seemed like
2 every time I went home, I walked in the door, the phone
3 would be ringing and them asking me to come back down to the
4 fire station and, late that afternoon, I got a call to go back
5 down to the fire station, they had a trip going to
6 Gainesville, and we needed the money, so I went and I called
7 my wife and told her that I'm sorry, go ahead and take the
8 kids to the party and the movie, I wasn't going to be able to
9 make it.

10 Q Okay. What, if anything, happened on February the
11 9th, after you got home, that allowed you to tie that inci-
12 dent in with your little daughter's birthday party?

13 A I remember going in. I remember feeling guilty
14 about not being with the kids at the party. Well, the
15 first thing I did was eat a piece of my daughter's birthday
16 cake. I asked my wife to iron me a shirt, a uniform shirt.
17 I think probably eating the cake and just I remember
18 feeling guilty about not making the party makes me remember
19 it as clear as anything else.

20 Q Okay. And are you certain in your own mind, as
21 you have testified this morning, on February the 9th is the
22 date that you made those observations that you have
23 described to the Court?

24 A Yes, sir.

25 Q Now, do I understand your testimony to be that, in

A85

U
level of certainty

4074

1 A No, sir.

2 Q When did you first report what you had observed
3 on the morning of February the 9th?

4 A July 28th, sir.

5 Q What incident led you to report it? Well, let me
6 back up for a moment. Strike that.

7 Why did you not report it prior to that time?

8 A I didn't want to really be involved. I wasn't
9 absolutely sure that I saw anything of, you know, any
10 importance. I wasn't sure of any dates. I just knew that I
11 saw a girl that looked like the [redacted] girl and was not sure
12 exactly that I saw her, and mainly just not wanting to be
13 involved, the biggest reason I didn't come forward.

14 Q Tell us again the date on which you finally reported
15 what you had observed.

16 A July 28th.

17 Q And that would have been of 1978?

18 A Yes, sir.

19 Q And what, if anything, led you to report what you
20 had observed on the date of July the 28th?

21 A Sitting at the fire station, drinking coffee,
22 around eight o'clock, the news came on. One of the men on
23 duty said, There is--

24 MR. AFRICANO (interposing): Objection to what one
25 of the men said on duty, Your Honor. That would be

A71

U photos id each

Q Had the girl been sitting up straight in the seat, do you know of any reason why you could not have seen her at that time?

A No, sir.

Q What, if anything, did you see the driver doing?

A He was gesturing, turned to his right, and moving his head like he was talking, and gesturing with his left hand.

Q And when you say he was turning to his right, that would have been toward the passenger side of the--

A Toward the passenger side.

Q How long after that did you lose sight of the van?

A Approximately two, two and a half blocks, U.S. 90 veers left and West Duval Street continues straight west.

Q Mr. Anderson, I'm going to hand you a photograph, which is in evidence as State's Exhibit 1, and I ask you to examine that photograph and tell the members of the jury whether or not you recognize that person depicted.

A Yes, sir, I do.

Q Who is that person?

A It's the young girl I saw at the school.

Q On the morning of February the 9th?

A Yes, sir.

Q I'm going to ask you, Mr. Anderson, if you will look around the courtroom and tell the members of the jury

added details

4065

1 wasn't really anxious to go. They was, from the sidewalk,
2 probably six to ten feet from the sidewalk when I first saw
3 them. They continued to walk to the sidewalk. He stopped--

4 Q Did the man have the girl by the left arm during
5 the entire time that you observed them?

6 A Yes, sir. They stopped and a car came by, going
7 east, and they crossed in front of the white van. The man
8 opened the door.

9 Q Which door did he open?

10 A The door on the passenger side. And helped
11 the girl get in the van, slammed the door, and kind of jogged
12 in front of the van, got in the passenger side, and they
13 drove off.

14 Q Okay. Mr. Anderson, I'm going to ask you, if you
15 will, one more time, to step down from the witness stand and,
16 utilizing the aerial photograph, to demonstrate for the benefit
17 of the members of the jury where you were parked and where the
18 white van was parked and where the two individuals that you
19 have described were observed.

20 A (The witness left the stand.) Okay. I was parked
21 somewhere in this area here. The white van was parked
22 approximately right here.

23 Q All right. Now, just for the record, in which
24 direction were you headed at that time?

25 A I was going west.

AG2

V reaction to hypnosis

cars. Ah....I can't remember the other one.

MS. KEENE: Hm....see anybody that you knew or (inaudible)

MR. BARNETT: Did you see anything under hypnosis that you recall more vividly now than you had before?

MR. ANDERSON: The girl's jersey.

MR. BARNETT: Okay. Now when I took you back to the ah...pleasant time in your life with your father and your brother hunting. How was that?

MR. ANDERSON: It was great, it was like I was there almost.

MR. BARNETT: Okay. Was that experience more vivid than the one we took you back to where you saw.....?

MR. ANDERSON: Yeah.

MR. BARNETT: It was more vivid. Okay....ah.....is there anything that you can tell us that would account for why it was more vivid?

MR. ANDERSON: (no response)

MR. BARNETT: What did you think about the ah.....hypnotic session in general?

MR. ANDERSON: I liked the session.

MR. BARNETT: How does you neck feel?

MR. ANDERSON: Good.....(inaudible)

MR. BARNETT: Okay, you were amused by some of the challenges that I gave you. I could see a big smile come on your face. I made you hands stiff and rigid and I made your hands go around (inaudible)

MR. ANDERSON: Yeah, I remember thinking to myself, the damn thing is working.

MS. KEENE: Yeah. IT REALLY DOES WORK.

MR. ANDERSON: Before when she did it, I just really didn't.....I wasn't convinced I was hypnotized.

MS. KEENE: Right it was not the atmosphere of to...to do it in. ✓

MR. ANDERSON: Hm-ah.

MR. BARNETT: Are you convinced now?

MR. ANDERSON: Hm-ah.

MR. BARNETT: Okay. Ah....lots of times hypnosis improves with condition today

MS. KEENE: Hmm..you're a better subject/because.....-

MR. BARNETT: In other words you're a better subject today because you

added details

earlier this year, when you saw a girl being picked up at the Junior High School. Tell me about that day. What do you see right now?

MR. ANDERSON: I'm at the station drinking coffee. On coming shift... my shift is coming on...day shift is going off..... 8:15 we're drinking coffee and start doing our chores. Start checking on...drug cabinet...I've assigned everybody work detail...check out the drug cabinet...I've been on...been at the station all night. I need a shower and a shave. I asked the assistant chief if it be oaky if I run home, change clothes and shower.... he asked me if there was another paramedic on duty and I told him yes, Robert Dortch, ^{see if he would do that} I go out to my truck get to West Duval Street...there's a van parked in the street, I pull up behind it, I notice a man and a girl on my left in the yard of the junior high school... the girl's about 12 or 13, maybe 14. She's got black hair or very dark brown hair, ^{AD} shoulder length, parted in the middle. The guy's got her by her left arm just above the elbow, she looks unhappy. I think it looks like a father with a daughter....he doesn't look happy either. They wait for a car to pass, ^{AD} they cross the street, walks in front of the van, he opens the door for her and helps her get in the van. The guy's average height...average build...got on a white ^{THW.} jacket or a white pullover jersey, ^{AD} it's light....I don't notice, I can't remember the pants....he wears his hair full, it's not long it's a full modern like it's styled.... it's medium to dark brown, it's wavy, not curly but just kind of wavy, nice hair. He puts the girl in the passenger side of the van and slams the door and he runs to the driver's side and they drive off. Not exceptiona fast, you know just like anybody else would. Ah..... traffic picks up and I follow them down to ah....Seven Street. The van's got rear windows in both doors, ^{AD} It's a white van...a Chevrolet, ^{AD} I think...and it appears that the man is scolding the girl, ^{AD} ...I can't see the girl at

A45

→ *A lot of doubt*

MR. DEKLE: Ok, during the five blocks that you followed him,
did you notice anything unusual about how _____
the way he was driving it, what _____

And shortly after that you started

MR. ANDERSON: Well, I first heard they were looking for a white car
and then later on I heard they were looking for a white
van and this was when it really begin to bother me about
what I'd seen but I still wasn't sure enough to really
mention it to anybody and I did mention to Frank Moore
and then but I can't remember exactly how I said it
and I said there's once slight chance it could have been
the guy that I saw.

MR. DEKLE: _____

MR. ANDERSON: And right about the time

MR. DEKLE: And Frank advised you to do what?

MR. ANDERSON: Well, Frank said that ah....you know he at one time
thought the he might have seen him lead the girl down
at Hamburger Lake where he had been fishing and ah....
we really didn't have any big discussion about it.
I really wasn't.....I still had a lot of doubts about
it. I didn't want to come to the Police Department on
a wild goose chase for something for them to run down.
And I still have a lot of doubt about it until I was
talking to you about it this morning. I've seen
could
pictures of Bundy in the papers and I ~~z~~ see where there
was a resemblance but until this morning when I saw the
news and I seen him turn sideways, well when I seen his
profile, I knew I had to come tell somebody about it
cause it looks an awful lot like the man.

MR. DEKLE: Okay. (inaudible)

MR. ANDERSON: Hm-ah.

MR. DEKLE: And so it's ^{the} first time you saw the profile of Bundy and
I assume that (inaudible)

*didn't say this at trial.
925-1135
may before assume over: safeguard
violated A 35*

major monistancy !!!

MR. ANDERSON: Hmmm

MS. KEENE: Did you watch the van after it.....

MR. ANDERSON: No....

MS. KEENE: I want you to count to yourself 10 to 1, as you do you are going deeper and deeper along.....deeper and deeper. Could you give the exact time that you arrived at home on this date?

MR. ANDERSON: Not the exact time.

MS. KEENE: Approximate, as near as possible.

MR. ANDERSON: A little after nine.

MS. KEENE: After.....how much after nine?

MR. ANDERSON: 10--15 minutes.

MS. KEENE: What did you do after you got home that day?

MR. ANDERSON: Took a shower and went to bed.

MS. KEENE: Okay, and do you know the time that you went to bed?

MR. ANDERSON: Hmmm....9:30 or 9:45.

MS. KEENE: Okay, we want to go back now a few hours earlier on this same date and you're still at work. You are at work now.

The same day. What was the last activity at work that you did before you left? Can you describe?

MR. ANDERSON: Drank coffee.

MS. KEENE: Who did you drink coffee with?

MR. ANDERSON: I can't remember.

MS. KEENE: Okay. Anything before the coffee can you remember the activity before you drank the coffee?

MR. ANDERSON: Uh-uh.

MS. KEENE: Can you tell me what day, what month this is? That you're recalling now?

MR. ANDERSON: I think it's April, I don't know the date

MS. KEENE: (Inaudible) You're doing very very good now....very relaxed

very calm. Good feeling any time I hypnotize you in the future you will go faster and deeper....faster....you're doing very very good now. I'm going to awaken you on the count of 5, you're going to feel relaxed and calm with a feeling of well being that's going to go with you all the rest of the day. One, two, three, four, five. Okay. And you can tell us how you feel.

MR. ANDERSON: Tired.

*would have to have been a different day !!!
see A46
A55
work records
see A156-57
A46
A53*

*activities
see A45-46*

date

MR. DEKLE:

Ok, during the five blocks that you followed him,
did you notice anything unusual about how _____
the way he was driving it; what _____

And shortly after that you started

MR. ANDERSON:

Well, I first heard they were looking for a white car
and then later on I heard they were looking for a white
van and this was when it really begin to bother me about
what I'd seen but I still wasn't sure enough to really
mention it to anybody and I did mention to Frank Moore
and then but I can't remember exactly how I said it
and I said there's once slight chance it could have been
the guy that I saw.

MR. DEKLE:

MR. ANDERSON:

And right about the time

MR. DEKLE:

And Frank advised you to do what?

MR. ANDERSON:

Well, Frank said that ah....you know he at one time
thought the he might have seen him lead the girl down
at Hamburger Lake where he had been fishing and ah....
we really didn't have any big discussion about it.

I really wasn't.....I still had a lot of doubts about
it. I didn't want to come to the Police Department on
a wild goose chase for something for them to run down.

And I still have a lot of doubt about it until I was
talking to you about it this morning. I've seen

pictures of Bundy in the papers and I ^{could} see where there
was a resemblance but until this morning when I saw the
news and I seen him turn sideways, well when I seen his
profile, I knew I had to come tell somebody about it
cause it looks an awful lot like the man.

MR. DEKLE:

Okay. (inaudible)

MR. ANDERSON:

Hm-ah.

MR. DEKLE:

And so it's/^{the}first time you saw the profile of Bundy and
I assume that (inaudible)

[where is remainder

937 723

Ms. Keene the year before. Mr. Burnette had never before conducted a forensic hypnotic session. (R. 7891).

During this second hypnotic session, Mr. Anderson described for the first time his activities before beginning the drive home:

MR. ANDERSON: I'm at the station drinking coffee. On coming shift . . . my shift is coming on . . . day shift is going off . . . 8:15 we're drinking coffee and start doing our chores. Start checking on . . . drug cabinet . . . I've assigned everybody work detail . . . check out the drug cabinet . . . I've been on . . . been at the station all night. I need a shower and a shave. I asked the assistant chief if it be okay if I run home, change clothes and shower . . . he asked me if there was another paramedic on duty and I told him yes, Robert Dortch.

(R. Vol. 146, A. 46).

He then "recalled" that the man he had seen with the girl wore a white jacket or a white pullover with a shirt underneath. He said that the van was a Chevrolet and had glass windows in both rear doors. Mr. Anderson said that he was able to see through the rear windows that the man was scolding the girl. He next described a very different version of his activities for the remainder of the day than he had reported to the police or recalled with Ms. Keene: "I continue on home, ask my wife to iron me a shirt, I take a shower, I finish my shower, eat a piece of my baby girl's birthday cake and go back to work." Id.

Mr. Anderson described the man as "fairly young, 29, 30, 31. Good looking . . . I can't see his eyes, clean shaven, weighs about 160, 165 at the most." Id. He described the girl's clothing as a blue "football jersey" with two numbers, one being "3" and the other being "6" or "8," and that she carried a dark

When asked what day this was, he stated specifically, "February the 9th", contrary to what he said prior to and during his first hypnosis session. This is the first demonstrable evidence that he recalled the date as February the 9th.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT IN AND FOR SARASOTA COUNTY, FLORIDA
FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF
LAW ENFORCEMENT, et al.,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Case No. 89-0577-CA-01

DIANA WEINER, individually
and as trustee,

Defendant.

NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT

The undersigned acknowledges and agrees:

1. That on February 19, 1989 he was afforded an opportunity to examine written materials comprising the estate of Theodore R. Bundy provided by the Florida Department of Corrections to Diana A. Weiner on January 24, 1989 and to select for copying those materials he believed to be relevant to law enforcement investigations.
2. That he was afforded an opportunity to verify the attorney-client character of certain correspondence.
3. To refrain from divulging or disclosing all materials or information relating thereto which is not deemed by him to be relevant to law enforcement investigations and to preserve the confidentiality of documents and materials protected by the attorney-client privilege.
4. To sign a receipt acknowledging delivery of copies of materials requested.
5. To abide by each and every direction and/or order of the court.

Dated 2-19-89

Robert D. Keppel
ROBERT KEPPEL
State of Washington
Attorney General's Office

Dated 2-19-89

William Hagmier
WILLIAM HAGMIER
Special Agent
Federal Bureau of
Investigation

Ted

Season's Greetings and
Best Wishes for the New Year.

may your new year be one of
hope, contentment, good health,
and God's Blessings
watch yourself
Peace
Bill

*is compulsion a factor in
operating, alcoholism, telephonics,
sexual abuse of children, hate, bloopers,
speeding*
April 22, 1985 *Personal, everyday experience*

Mr. Ted Bundy
PO Box 747
Starke, FL

Dear Ted,

First of all I would like to thank you for your time last week. The nine hours which we spent together really flew by, and I have a bunch of other questions which I have realized that I wish to ask you.

✓ I want you to know that I really do sincerely appreciate your interview. The students were told some things, but as I promised I said nothing about the Washington case and a few other things which you said that you did not want repeated. Your ideas about the concrete motivations of a serial killer left me with a lot to think about. The reasons a serial killer stops, methods of disposing of the bodies, conscious motivations and so on. What do you think is the main reason serial killers murder. I know in my typology I allude to types, mission type, visionary type, etc., and there are motives in each of these types. I know that you disagree with some of these models and my thoughts. I can appreciate that, but I also would like to know some of your thoughts about motivations. Is compulsion a factor. Your mention of rational factors in serial murder is something that academicians, such as myself, truly experts in the field, do not think too much about. It is truly an ivory tower. I have included with this letter a few copied pages from a new book called Mass Murder by Fox and somebody. There are some theoretical statements regarding "mass" murder. They did not differ from mass and serial murder. They identify you as a mass murder along with other people such as Speck, Stano, Lucas, Gein, and others.

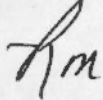
✓ As you know, I am still interested in coming back and videotaping an interview with you. I believe that the interview could be so very important to law enforcement and corrections personnel at the seminar in May as well as my classes. I know that you cannot discuss your present cases
✓ and I am also aware that you maintain total innocence (and you know that I still have some doubts, well, I am being honest and sometimes it gets me into trouble), but there are many things which you told me that should be shared with others in the criminal justice system. A videotape would be the ideal medium to transmit such information. Of course there are two obstacles, you and Superintendent Dugger.

Please give my request some thought, and let me know of your decision. I will correspond with Mr. Dugger after I hear from you if you believe that you would want to do the interview. I have also written to him thanking him for

permitting me to talk with you.

Well, write me when you have a chance.

See you,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read 'Rm'.

Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

May 6, 1985

Mr. Ted Bundy
069063 R2N3
Florida State Prison
Box 747
Starke, FL 32091

Dear Ted,

Thanks for your letter. I wrote one about the same time so I guess they crossed in the mail.

Honestly, I am enclosing with this letter the materials from a chapter in Mass Murder. Please look it over, and let me know what you think about it.

We are in the final stage of planning for the Serial Murder Workshop on May 20-21. Do you have any comments we would should include in our presentations. I have gone over some of the words in the session you had with me, and I would like to include some things from that. Of course, I would like to have the videotape interview (yes, I'll keep on trying).

✓ No, I don't think the one session we had together will be the last regardless of your decision on the videotape. I believe the talk together was beneficial especially to me. I have refrained from interviews with news media people who had heard that I had talked with you because of your wishes.

I am getting a book soon on the Hillside Strangler. Incidentally, he is in Walla Walla Prison, address is Washington State Penitentiary, PO Box 520, Walla Walla, WA 99362. I wrote him a letter several weeks ago but he has not responded. Ann Rule said to me that he wants her to do a book on him to prove his innocence.

As far as a list of serial murderers, I am getting two new graduate assistants in July. I can put them into working for me doing this information. Think of a list of items we would like to know, e.g., number of victims, partialisms, fetishes, method of murder, etc. What would be important for us to know about them? I am also returning the news article you sent to me. Thanks.

I think you are right about me saving some time and money not seeing Henry Lucas. There is a fellow by the name of Jerry Potter who is writing a book about Lucas who is coming to the Seminar. He said that he would like to talk with me about Lucas and some of the things that have been going on in Texas. I hope that Sheriff Boutwell, Bob Prince and some others down there "have a nice day."

I have included some news prints about some murder cases am will look for my psy profiles on two cases, one a case involving the killing of four "street women" and the other one involving the killing of a street wino. I send them down in a day or two.

Take care, see you soon I hope.

RH

Ron Holmes

Randy Craft is the guy they are talking about in the newspaper article. I talked with Keppel, and he said "Hi."

Craft is presently awaiting trial.

have been years from now — and how many people would have had to die first?"

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Continued on Page 10

growing, and that it may have something to do with the influence of television on children.

"We have children in emotionally deprived families whose main nurturance is the TV set," he said. "By the time they're 15 years old they've seen 10,000 murders on TV. The victims don't suffer. Murder is like going down to the store and getting a popsicle."

Liebert is currently serving as a consultant to the Seattle Police Department's Green River Task Force, which has been investigating the serial slayings of 28 young women, mostly prostitutes, in the Seattle area. The task force has been working exclusively on the case for the past three years, investigating hundreds of tips and leads that so far have not brought them discernibly closer to determining the identity and whereabouts of the killer.

"The Green River situation is a classic case," Brooks said. "The last body they found they tracked to a murder that was committed a year ago, in December 1983. So where is the murderer of these women now? Is he dead? Is he in jail? If he's free and somewhere else, what is he doing?"

Brooks believes that once VI-CAP is operational, it will be able to detect the movements of serial killers across the country, to spot patterns in apparently unrelated, random and motiveless murders. In addition to this tracing of the physical movements of serial killers with VI-CAP, the FBI's National Center for the Analysis of Violent Crime is also taking a different tack. The National Center's research and development unit is conducting a series of interviews with convicted serial killers to try to learn more about what motivates their behavior — what makes them tick.

A certain amount is already known about the psychology of serial killers. Ann Rule, a member of the VI-CAP Advisory Task Force who was closely involved with the investigation leading to the arrest of serial killer Ted Bundy, says such killers are usually violent towards women, which may stem from abuse or neglect suffered in childhood at the hands of their mothers. "When they grow up and become men, they act out their rage towards women" by systematically killing victims, who often have similar physical characteristics, she said.

Most serial killers are very intelligent, Rule said. "The dumb ones are caught early on, they can't run up a string of 35 murders." And many of them, she said, "have tremendous egos. When they're caught they like to brag about what they've done." It is this quality that the FBI has found very useful in conducting its research.

Under the direction of Dr. Ann Burgess, a psychiatric nurse associated with the University of Pennsylvania, members of the National Center research team interviewed 36 of the most notorious sex-oriented serial murderers to try to develop some insight into the psychology of serial killers. While the report on this research is not yet available, FBI Special Agent Roger Depue, head of the National Center and of the FBI's Behavioral Sciences Unit, said the research will be very valuable to law enforcement.

"For the first time, law enforcement is conducting its own empirical research," he said. "It's unique because it's being done from the law enforcement perspective, and so we're asking questions that have not been asked before."

"For example, take the question 'Does the killer return to the scene of the crime?' Now that question has been around for 200 years, and investigators have said in specific instances, yes, but they have never been able to explain it, and they have never gathered any empirical proof. We are attempting to answer that question, and others. How does the killer select the victim, how does he maintain control of the victim, how does he choose his weapon, and so on. We're interested in learning more about the techniques the criminal uses to beat the system."

Because of the egotistical quality mentioned by Rule, the serial murderers interviewed by the FBI team were generally cooperative, Depue said.

"We interviewed what you could call the 'very best' criminals, the most prolific criminals," he said. "And surprisingly, they were extremely cooperative. I say surprisingly because we have always been perceived by

Continued on Page 10

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been doing in Seattle, we would have known immediately that it was the same person. We would have put the Utah authorities in touch with the Washington authorities, and it would have been very easy to identify him. A lot of those young women would not have had to die."

Though the word is more or less out on VI-CAP's imminent appearance on the criminal justice scene, Depue said the National Center plans to launch a training program in March of this year to educate members of state and local law enforcement agencies on how they can take advantage of all the Center has to offer. The special agents in charge of each of the FBI's 59 field offices will "serve as a conduit" for the information, he said.

Both Brooks and Depue said they would like to see the VI-CAP system go international, with its information made available to police agencies all over the world. "But of course it's the old story of you have to crawl before you can walk," Brooks said. "First we have to get the system going, work out the bugs, and then look toward expanding."

On a less ambitious scale, Depue said he would like to transfer the VI-CAP software to all the state law enforcement agencies in the U.S. — to "give the software technology to each state for their own individual purposes. That's down the road a bit," he said, "but 14 states have already indicated to us that they would be interested, and we haven't advertised this idea at all."

that the killer was someone who was probably passing through Los Angeles or had done this before. My problem was, where had the killer come from and where was he now?

"In my search to find out, I used to go down to the main library in downtown Los Angeles in my spare time, and read the newspapers from across the country to see if I could see a connection, a killer who fit the description I had come up with. After 14 months, I saw a newspaper clipping of a killer who fit the M.O. I was looking for, and I cleared the case.

that I was then calling VI-CAP, the acronym for Violent Criminal Apprehension Program. I started working with Bob Heck at the NIJ and we put together the VI-CAP Advisory Board. It came together from there."



FBI puts serial-murder puzzle together with add

When the planning of the Violent Criminal Apprehension Program had gotten to the point where the members of its Advisory Task Force had to decide where it should be physically housed, there was a period of intense head-scratching.

Initially it was thought that the computer system should be housed in a city somewhere in the U.S. — "but I knew that would never work," Pierce Brooks said. "VI-CAP is a national program, and when we looked at what the FBI was doing with its criminal profiling and research, it became clear that Quantico was the logical place for it to be."

When VI-CAP settled in at the FBI Academy in Quantico, Va., it became the final piece in what Roger Depue, chief of the FBI's Behavioral Sciences Unit, called "a puzzle that finally fit together." The name of that puzzle, which is composed of several innovative systems designed to make the tasks of American criminal investigators easier, is the National Center for the Analysis of Violent Crime.

The National Center (it has no convenient acronym) is overseen by Special Agent Depue and was funded by a \$1.7-million transfer of funds from the National Institute of Justice and the Office of Justice Assistance, Research and Statistics. It has its roots in the pioneering work of the FBI's Behavioral Sciences Unit, which 12 years ago began to construct psychological pro-

files of unknown offenders who had committed unsolved violent crimes. The program grew under Depue's guidance, and has become firmly established as a valuable national criminal justice resource.

The next piece of the puzzle came in the person of Dr. David Icove, formerly of the Knoxville, Tenn., Police Department. Icove, who is now a member of the National Center's staff, had developed a computer program called the Arson Information Management System, or AIMS.

AIMS uses advanced computer technology to analyze data about fires in order to predict where the next arson is most likely to occur, and to construct a profile of the arsonist. It is the AIMS program upon which the VI-CAP software is based.

"When we heard about Pierce Brooks' idea of a Violent Criminal Apprehension Program, we were naturally very interested," said Depue. "We're always looking for new ways to tackle old problems, and we were quite excited about the idea of bringing all these good ideas together under one roof.

"We all felt that it was kind of like the old story of the blind men feeling the elephant, and all reporting something different about what they're feeling. It was only when they put together what they had that they could construct what the beast looked like. That's what we're doing here at the National Center — we're

putting it all together."

To learn more about one limb of the VI-CAP — LEN went to the source: Pierce Brooks, the man who had the foresight to create a serial killer tracking system 20 years before its time.

"VI-CAP is a clearinghouse for information on violent murders that are suspected to be serial," Brooks said. "When it becomes operational next year we will accept reports on unsolved murder that is committed in this country and someday, in the free world. Then we will analyze that information, analyze it, and disseminate it to any police agency that has a similar pattern existing."

Brooks said VI-CAP will accept reports on unsolved homicides only when the crime is committed by a known serial killer. As an example, he pointed to a case in California where a California State Patrol officer pulled over a driver for a traffic violation in an erratic fashion.

"The officer thought the driver was drunk, but it turned out he wasn't drunk at all," Brooks said. "Actually he was in ecstasy because he had just strangled his 40th or 50th victim while playing with the body while he was driving."

"So that person, once arrested, was added to VI-CAP, because we would have a complete M.O. and could probably find other investigators around the country. We would tell the police agency and say, 'Hey, remember that murder you had three years ago, and

Serial murderers tripped up by 'luck laced with good police work'

Continued from Page 9

criminals as antagonists, we are usually on opposite sides of the issue. But when we go to the prisons to interview these people, we find they're interested in discussing their techniques with us. It's like two experts discussing an area of expertise."

While the actual interview takes 15 to 20 hours to conduct, Depue said the team members spend a great deal of time preparing before they actually sit down with the convict. In their preparations, they draw on the Behavioral Sciences Unit's profiling techniques, and construct a profile of the criminal as if he were an unknown offender.

is always a connection between the killer and the victim.

"So let's be generous and say that 2,000 of those 5,000 unsolved cases are serial murders — I'm taking the low side here. If a serial murderer kills about 5 times a year, how many serial murderers are there? Four hundred. Now there could be less. I think there are some people who are talking about a figure in the 30's, but if there are only 30 out there they certainly are busy people."

Until VI-CAP is operational, most experts agree that the odds of catching a serial murderer remain heavily stacked against the police.

'Serial murderers cannot be rehabilitated. I've known that for a long time, and now a lot of very intelligent people are saying so. Some of the killers themselves would even say so.'



"It's one of the ways we keep them honest," Depue said. "We know more about the topic than they do, so we can tell if they're veering from the truth."

The FBI is also planning to do similar research on serial rapists and multiple-victim child molesters. "This type of research will give us insights into the criminal personality that will lead to superior investigative techniques," Depue said.

Meanwhile, the debate continues on the question of how many serial killers are actually roaming around the country at any one time. The official Government estimate is roughly 35, but most experts put the figure far higher. There are about 5,000 unsolved homicides every year in the United States, and Pierce Brooks, for one, believes that many of these are the handiwork of serial killers.

"Most of the unsolved murders remain unsolved because there is a stranger-to-stranger relationship between the victim and the suspect," he said. "If there is a relationship between the suspect and the victim, the police probably clear 98 percent of those cases. The Agatha Christie-type murders are really pretty easy for us. They make interesting reading, but if you read the mystery stories, you'll find that there

"Most serial killers are caught by accident," said Ann Rule. "They're stopped on traffic violations or something like that."

Brooks agreed. "Without VI-CAP we count on arresting these people kind of by luck. It's luck laced with good police work. Henry Lee Lucas, who killed more than a hundred people, was arrested only when he killed a non-stranger. When he murdered his mother he went to jail, and when he murdered his little common-law 15-year-old wife he was identified and went to jail. Every victim in between we wouldn't even know about if he didn't feel like confessing."

Is there any way to deter serial killers? Brooks believes that the only way to deter them is to put them behind bars as fast as possible.

"We have to apprehend them and lock them up," he said. "Serial murderers cannot be rehabilitated. I've known that for a long time, and now psychiatrists are saying so, psychologists are saying so, a lot of very intelligent people are saying so. Some of the killers themselves would even say so. I talked with one of them who said, 'Don't let me out, I'll do it again.' And there was a young fellow in Chicago who wrote it on the wall — he said, 'I'll do it again.'"

Serial murderer: the catch-crime of the 80's

VI-CAP system

VI-CAP as "the brainchild of Pierce" of his involvement in the project, insists on him.

Adding with a chuckle: "I don't like to say it if Thomas Edison hadn't discovered the light bulb by candlelight. Someone else would have done it. It holds true for VI-CAP."

FBI Academy's Behavioral Science Unit,

"Pierce Brooks is a humble man," he said. "He's probably right that VI-CAP was inevitable, but the question is, without Pierce, when would it have been discovered? It might have been years from now — and how many people would have had to die first?"

When VI-CAP was placed under the wing of the FBI's National Center for the Analysis of Violent Crime last year, Brooks moved into one of the Quantico dormitories to become VI-CAP's program manager. Though not a computer wizard by any means, he knows what he wants the computer to do, and has been overseeing the development of the VI-CAP programming.

Continued on Page 10

Until about 20 years ago, the isolated cases of multiple murders that turned up every so often were duly shuddered at and then dismissed by law enforcement and citizens alike as disconnected and freakish. Not so any more. Serial murder may be the catch-crime of the 1980's, as rape was the catch-crime of the 1970's. The crime and its perpetrators are at the center of a whirlwind of activity. The Justice Department has just spent \$1.7 million to bring VI-CAP on line at the FBI Academy, and police officers across the country are attending training seminars on how to identify the activity of a serial murderer. Meanwhile, journalists and writers, aware of the sensational nature of serial killings, are constantly underlining for the public the terrifying image of the murderer who kills strangers in a random, motiveless pattern of sadistic violence.

That more attention is being paid to these murders than ever before seems fairly obvious. But is this because there are more of them out there, posing a greater threat than ever before, or is it the product of increased awareness and better communication among law enforcement authorities, resulting in a higher frequency of closure — and publicity — on cases that would previously have been shelved as unsolved?

Pierce Brooks is inclined to say that there are more serial murderers now than there have ever been before, and he places part of the blame on the increased mobility and dispersion of American society. "We are becoming more of a society of strangers," he said, and the stresses that result may contribute to the growth of serial murderers.

Dr. John Liebert, a psychiatrist at the University of Washington in Seattle, told a reporter in a recent interview that he believes the phenomenon is growing, and that it may have something to do with the influence of television on children.

"We have children in emotionally deprived families whose main nurturance is the TV set," he said. "By the time they're 15 years old they've seen 10,000 murders on TV. The victims don't suffer. Murder is like going down to the store and getting a popsicle."

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Continued on Page 10

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That person, once arrested, would be
a good candidate for VI-CAP, because we would then have a
suspect's M.O. and could probably help a lot of
investigators around the country. We'd call a
police agency and say, 'Hey, remember that
guy you had three years ago, and that M.O.

We have because you sent in the VI-CAP forms?
Well, there's a guy out in California that they
just arrested and he fits the description. You call
the guys in California and you'll probably clear
the case.' That's the way VI-CAP is going to
work."

VI-CAP is expected to be operational by June.
"That's the day we get our first report," Brooks
said. "But then we'll have nothing to compare it
to. As the reports come in, we'll be able to start
pattern analysis. The more we get in from across
the country, the more we'll be able to compare."

By all accounts, the reports will start flooding
in, since investigators from all over the nation
are eager to see what VI-CAP can do. Brooks
said he has been stopped "hundreds of times"
by police officers attending the FBI National
Academy at Quantico who want to know more
about VI-CAP. Brooks said there seems to be
great optimism in law enforcement circles that
VI-CAP will deliver some impressive results.

✓ "One investigator," Brooks said, "who worked
on the Ted Bundy case back in the 1970's and
who is now working on the Green River Task
Force in Seattle, has told me several times that
he is positive that if VI-CAP had been opera-
tional at that time Ted Bundy might still have
killed some of those girls — VI-CAP is not going
to stop all murders — but, to use a Western ex-
pression, we would have cut him off at the pass.

"If we had had VI-CAP when Bundy appeared
in Utah and started doing the same things he'd

been doing in Seattle, we would have known im-
mediately that it was the same person. We
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so on. We're interested
uses to beat the system

Because of the egotis-
interviewed by the FBI

"We interviewed wha-
prolific criminals," he s-
cooperative. I say surpr-

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

11-22-85

Mr. Ted Bundy
069063 R2N3
Florida State Prison
Starke , FL 32091

Dear Ted:

As I said yesterday in my letter sent to you, I received your letter dated November 18, on the 21st of November. Not bad for the mail service. Let me react to some of the comments you made.

✓ First of all, I can certainly understand and appreciate your concern about destroying confidentiality. I also am a strong believer in this. I will not under any circumstance repeat what someone has told me is to stay between the two of us. I also expect other people to do the same not only with me but with the other persons they relate with. So, it should go without saying that what you and Jerry Stano or you and Ottis Toole have taked about and appears to be confidential should stay that way.

Your comments about the dump sites for bodies of the victims of serial murder appears to be very interesting. Yes, I would like very much to have your outline. Part of my book will deal with dump sites. The article which I sent you yesterday deals in some part with the investigation of such sites in organized nonsocial type of lust killings. I thought I would use something like the following as an outline for the discussion:

- *Location - kills in one area, moves body to another
may display or hide body depending on motive
scene is close to home or business
early in his killing career is the closeness
appropriate
- *Weapon - brings it with him
significant in choice (hands-on weapons)
- *Souvenir - may give to significant others
psychologically relives the crime with it
- *Victim - often mutilated
clothing removed or taken
shows evidence of torture
little or no physical evidence

So, what do you think as an outline?

What do you think I should add? delete? Your mention of an outline stated that the dump site leaves clues to the killer has important ramifications for law enforcement.

Ted, any thoughts on so-called spree murderers? Are they different from serial or mass killers? New area of interest for me.

You mentioned that you are getting to the point where you don't like to write letters. Do you have a cassette recorded? We could exchange tapes. A thought. This would erase the feeling of having to write down letters. I don't know what your limitations are at the prison, obviously.

I am enclosing with this letter a copy of a transcript of the Phil Donahue Show which talked of serial murder. They mention you and your case, talking with Carol DaRonch Swenson. They also mention the issue of rehabilitation, the role of pornography and VICAP. I thought you might be interested in the copy. I would send you more but if I write more I can send you a thing or two each time.

I think that your clemency hearing comes up around December 13. Is there anything I can do?

Well, I'll close now. I would like to come down and see you soon.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be 'Ron' or 'Holmes' in a cursive style.

Ron Holmes

January 31, 1986

Ted Bundy
Box 747
Florida State Prison
Starke, Florida

Dear Ted,

Please excuse my tardiness in writing. I have been up to my ears with work around here. I am the chairman of the Personnel Committee at the University and one of my faculty has been denied tenure and this has proved to be a great source of difficulty for both him and me. He is really a worthwhile person and has contributed a great deal to our School through research and teaching. The trouble is that there are some people who are judging him who have not written a publishable word in years, if ever, and they are sitting in judgement of him.

I am enclosing with this letter some stuff including a chapter of the book on serial murder which I am writing. React to it when you can. I am becoming concerned about why and how, and the disposal of the victims is important from a profiling point of view.

Ted, I would really like to get down to the nitty gritty of serial murder. I know that you deny all of the crimes which you have been formally and informally accused of, but I think you can share some things with me that would be of great benefit. The strength of the "force" within some of the serial killers is something which I believe needs to be examined. Liz, in her book, The Phantom Prince, states that you tried to kill her, and the killings in your case started way before 1969, she quotes you by saying that, "The police are way off." I want to see you again and talk about the serial murder in general and more about you if we can.

I am going to be in Tallahassee the last part of February at the Southern Conference on Corrections at Florida State University. I figure I can rent a car, drive over and spend the day with you. How does that sound? I will call Mr. Dugger this week and arrange a day of the week and see if he will talk with you or if we can communicate in some way.

There is a fellow who is a state probation officer who probably spends most of his waking hours reading about you. I may have mentioned his name to you in the past, Jim Massie. He has talked with Jerry Thompson and Mike Fisher last week, and one of them said that someone is doing a TV special about you, a mini-series, which is to be aired the latter part of May, 1986. Do you know anything about it? Thompson said they were in Salt Lake filming some footage and were on the way to Florida after that. I have not talked to anyone about you except my students. This is what I thought we had agreed upon. I understand that they are using Don Larsen's book, The Deliberate Stranger as the basis of the book. Maybe we can talk about this too. *mmu.*

The roles of fetishes, partialism, fantasy and ritualism may be something else we can talk about when I come down. I am really looking forward to talking with you. There is a lot of information I have secured from a variety of different places that I could share with you when I come down. Of course, I would have to tell Mr. Dugger.

Please respond as soon as you can. I hope to see you in the last part of the month.

Your friend,

Ron

Ron Holmes

P.S. See, I just found out that Mark Harmon is going to play you in the TV version. Larimer Productions is doing the show.

any thoughts?

The Question of Pornography

IT IS NOT SEX, BUT VIOLENCE,
THAT IS AN OBSCENITY IN OUR SOCIETY.

ESSAY

BY EDWARD I. DONNERSTEIN AND DANIEL G. LINZ

In July 1986, the United States Attorney General's Commission on Pornography issued its final report on a subject that is as complex as the human condition. While many people have commented upon the report, few have actually read it and fewer still understand its implications.

As social scientists and two of the researchers whose work was cited throughout the two-volume work, we feel it necessary to point out that the report fell short of our expectations in several important respects. First, there are factual problems with the report, representing serious errors of commission. Several of the contentions made in its pages cannot be supported by empirical evidence. Some commission members apparently did not understand or chose not to heed some of the fundamental assumptions in the social science research on pornography. Second, and perhaps more importantly, the commission members have committed a serious error of omission. The single most important problem in the media today, as clearly indicated by social

science research, is not pornography but violence.

The report begins with some history about previous attempts to examine the question of pornography. One of the most important of these was the President's Commission on Obscenity and Pornography, which issued its final report in 1970. "More than in 1957, when the law of obscenity became inextricably a part of constitutional law, more than in 1970, when the President's Commission on Obscenity and Pornography issued its report . . . we live in a society unquestionably pervaded by sexual explicitness," the current report states. It goes on to point out, quite rightly, that the most dangerous form of pornography is that which includes specifically violent themes. But then the report adds: "Increasingly, the most prevalent forms of pornography . . . fit this description . . . It is with respect to material of this variety that the scientific findings and ultimate conclusions of the 1970 Commission are least reliable for today, precisely because material of this variety was largely absent from that Commission's inquiries."

It is popularly assumed—and the members of the commission appear to share this assumption—that images of violence have become more prevalent in pornography in recent years. Interestingly, there has never been a systematic content analysis of X-rated books, films and magazines that would be needed to support such a conclusion. But there are a handful of studies, concentrating on specific media, that at least call this notion into question.

One of the most recent of these was undertaken by sociologist Joseph E. Scott of Ohio State University. He

Edward I. Donnerstein, Ph.D., is a professor of communication studies at the University of California, Santa Barbara. Daniel G. Linz, Ph.D., is coordinator of health services research at the William S. Middleton Memorial Veterans Hospital in Madison, Wisconsin. This essay was adapted by permission of The Free Press from The Question of Pornography by Edward I. Donnerstein, Daniel G. Linz and Steven Penrod. Copyright © 1987 by The Free Press.

Studies involves "normal" males, not the 1 in 100,000 who actually committed rape or the 1 in 500,000 who commit sexual homicide. This is a basic flaw in studies. The target client population needs to be studied. (Don't have these men isolated and been influenced by pornography as well as other

IT IS POPULARLY ASSUMED THAT IMAGES OF VIOLENCE *violent and/or* HAVE BECOME MORE PREVALENT IN PORNOGRAPHY IN *sexual media* RECENT YEARS. BUT THERE ARE A HANDFUL *messages.* OF STUDIES THAT AT LEAST CALL THIS NOTION INTO QUESTION.

examined the content of cartoons in *Playboy* magazine from 1954 to 1983 and found that there was indeed a period—around 1977—when the violent content peaked. But just as there had been an increase in violence in the years before 1977, there has been a like decrease since. Further, he notes that sexually violent material seems to occur on an average of about 1 page in every 3,000 and in fewer than 4 pictures out of 1,000—a level that would have to be considered barely noticeable.

In addition, there is evidence indicating a different sort of trend in sexually oriented videocassettes. Psychologist Ted Palys of Simon Fraser University analyzed the content of 150 randomly selected home videos, most of which were produced between 1979 and 1983. He divided these films into "Triple X," in which sexual activity is explicit and graphic, and "Adult," in which no explicit sex is shown but nudity and "implied" sexual behavior is allowed.

Palys found that the Adult films actually portrayed a higher percentage of aggressive scenes and more severe and graphic forms of aggression than did the Triple X videos. More important, there was no increase in aggressive images between 1979 and 1983 for either type of video. In fact, as Palys notes, the difference between these two types of videos may be widening over time, primarily because of decreases in sexual violence in the Triple X category.

At least for now we cannot legitimately conclude that pornography has become more violent since the time of the 1970 Pornography Commission. The results of the few studies that have been done are inconclusive and inconsistent, but at least a few of them point in the opposite direction. Perhaps it is because all forms of pornography are more prevalent now than they once were that we are more aware of the sexually violent forms of pornography.

What is so particularly evil about violent pornography? Here, the commission does not mince words: "In both clinical and experimental settings, exposure to sexually violent materials has indicated an increase in the likelihood of aggression." The commission goes on to state that "finding a link between aggressive behavior

toward women and sexual violence... requires assumptions not found exclusively in the experimental evidence. We see no reason, however, not to make these assumptions." The assumptions include the idea (in the commission's words) that "increased aggressive behavior towards women is causally related, for an aggregate population, to increased sexual violence."

One persuasive reason to be careful about an intuitive leap like this, however, is a closer examination of the empirical evidence—what it says and what it does not say. We have no argument with the commission on its first point. Experiments by psychologist Neil Malamuth at the University of California, Los Angeles, suggest that, especially when the experimenter appears to condone aggression against women, men act more aggressively toward women in a laboratory after having been exposed to sexually violent stories. But a question that the prudent reader might raise is: "How long do these effects last?" In the vast majority of studies, aggressive behavior is measured almost immediately after exposure to the violent pornographic films. But is the effect cumulative or does it disappear over time?

In one study by Malamuth and psychologist Joseph Ceniti, college-aged men were exposed to violent and nonviolent sexual material over a four-week period. They watched two feature-length films each week and read similar materials. About seven days later, they were (according to the researchers' plan) angered by a woman working with the researchers and then given an opportunity to act aggressively against her. Contrary to expectations, the men who had been exposed to pornography were no more aggressive against her than were those not exposed to pornography. For the moment, then, we do not know if repeated exposure has a cumulative effect or if such effects are only temporary. But the evidence, such as it is, points toward the latter conclusion. This fact seems not to have been given sufficient consideration by the commission.

In addition, there is evidence that particular themes in pornography might be especially harmful. Recent research indicates that it is specifically the message that women find force or aggression pleasurable that seems

about much violence, not that just as always? What?

**IT IS SPECIFICALLY THE MESSAGE
THAT WOMEN FIND FORCE OR AGGRESSION
PLEASURABLE THAT SEEMS TO BE IMPORTANT
IN INFLUENCING MEN'S PERCEPTIONS AND
ATTITUDES ABOUT RAPE.**

That is it!! And there are the ones who are most important

to be important in influencing men's perceptions and attitudes about rape. For example, in a study Donnerstein conducted with psychologist Leonard Berkowitz, men were shown one of two films, both aggressively violent and sexually explicit. In both, a young woman arrives at the home of two young men to study. She is shoved around, tied up, stripped, slapped and ultimately raped by both men. In one version of the film ("positive ending"), the woman is shown smiling at the end and in no way resisting. A narrative added to the film indicates that she eventually becomes a willing participant. In the version with a "negative ending," the reaction of the woman is not clear, but the voice-over indicates that she found the experience humiliating and disgusting.

Men who saw the positive-ending film interpreted the film itself as less aggressive and said that the woman suffered less, enjoyed herself more and was more responsible for what happened than did the men who saw the negative ending. This seems fairly clear evidence that the different messages in the two films affected the men's attitudes in different ways.

But this literature can be tricky to interpret. In one study by Malamuth, researcher Scott Haber and psychologist Seymour Feshbach, for example, men read several stories, some of which were about a woman being raped. When the men were asked how likely they would be to behave as the rapist did if they knew they would not be caught, more than half indicated some likelihood of behaving that way. Many assume that this surprisingly high percentage was due to the effects of men being exposed to violent pornography. As the commission report concludes, "substantial exposure to sexually violent materials . . . bears a causal relationship to anti-social acts of sexual violence and, for some subgroups, possibly to unlawful acts of sexual violence."

Yet nothing could be further from the truth. In none of the studies by Malamuth has a measure of motivation such as "likelihood to rape" ever changed as a result of exposure to pornography. If the men reported feeling this way, it might be because they were generally callous about rape to begin with. As Malamuth has noted, men who indicate some likelihood that they might com-

But it could, if it, and/or galvanize those predispositions!!

mit rape (if not caught) are more sexually aroused by and more attracted to violent materials, but there is no reason to think that exposure to violent pornography is the cause of these predispositions.

Malamuth and psychologist James Check again asked men to read two stories. Some first read a story with a "positive ending," in which the woman becomes sexually aroused; others read a story with a negative ending; then all of the men read a realistic depiction of a rape. But first, the researchers classified the men as "more likely to rape" or "less likely to rape" based upon their answer to the question, "Would you rape if you knew you would not be caught?"

While both groups were more likely to view the woman in the second story as enjoying rape if they had read the positive-ending story first, the "more likely to rape" men seemed much more affected by exposure to this sort of pornography. They agreed much more frequently with statements suggesting that women enjoy rape and enjoy being forced into having sex than did those who were "less likely to rape" to begin with. This indicates to us that exposure to violent pornography is not necessarily causing callous attitudes about rape but rather may reinforce and strengthen already existing beliefs and values. If aggressive pornography is not the cause of the negative attitudes, then it ought not be blamed for them.

What we have is a picture of violent pornography that is somewhat different from that drawn by the commission. We do not, as yet, know if the detrimental effects of watching pornography are long-lived or only fleeting. We do know that it is specifically the pornographic materials that depict women "enjoying" rape that are especially damaging, but it remains unclear whether all men are affected equally even by these bizarre scripts. Finally, it remains to be seen whether changes in attitudes about women and rape revealed in relatively small-scale tests have any applicability to rape and aggression in the real world.

There is some evidence from the work of Malamuth that these attitudes do have some relationship to real-world aggression, but again, these are attitudes that

Let's not forget our pornographer. Even if porn does cause rape, it's not the cause of it, it's only a reinforcement and strengthening of rape & violence.

Let's not forget our pornographer. Even if porn does cause rape, it's not the cause of it, it's only a reinforcement and strengthening of rape & violence.

the, not analogy: readiness as a function of effectiveness

What's needed are real world tests/studies

VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN NEED NOT OCCUR IN
A SEXUALLY EXPLICIT CONTEXT TO HAVE A NEGATIVE
EFFECT ON ATTITUDES AND BEHAVIOR. VIOLENT RATHER THAN
SEXUAL IMAGES ARE MOST RESPONSIBLE
FOR PEOPLE'S ATTITUDES ABOUT WOMEN AND RAPE.

people already have. The commission members were obviously aware of these issues. In fact, these conclusions, well-grounded in scientific research, are briefly summarized deep within their report, which makes it even more perplexing that they ignore the data in making their 92 recommendations.

Our major criticism of the report and its authors, however, has to do with a subject that has been glossed over in the commission's 1,960-page report. The commission has ignored the inescapable conclusion that it is violence, whether or not accompanied by sex, that has the most damaging effect upon those who view it, hear it or read about it. This is an extremely important distinction, with direct relevance to the work of the commission, because it has implications far beyond violent pornography and pornography in general.

Sexual violence and depictions of women "desiring" rape are not limited to X-rated films, books and magazines. In the popular film *The Getaway*, for example, one of the robbers kidnaps a woman (portrayed by Sally Struthers) and her husband. He rapes the woman, but she is portrayed as a willing participant. Struthers's character becomes the kidnapper's girlfriend and the two of them taunt her husband until he finally commits suicide. The woman then willingly continues with the assailant. Far from being consigned to dingy X-rated theaters, this film, originally produced in 1972 and shown in cinemas all over the country, is still shown occasionally on commercial television.

Malamuth and Check tried to determine whether the mildly explicit sexual violence in *The Getaway* and in *Swept Away*, another film with similar content, influenced viewers' attitudes toward women and rape. When the researchers questioned college students who saw both films and students who saw nonviolent films or no films at all, they found that the men who saw violent movies more readily accepted interpersonal violence and more frequently believed that women enjoy rape.

In another study we did with Berkowitz, men saw different versions of a film. The first version contained a scene of sexual aggression in which a woman is tied up, threatened with a gun and raped. The second version

contained only the violent parts of the scene, with the sexually explicit rape omitted. The third version contained only the sexually explicit rape scene with the violence deleted.

The most callous attitudes about rape and the largest percentage of subjects indicating some likelihood of raping or using force were found among those men who had seen only the violent coercion. Subjects who saw the X-rated version without violence scored the lowest on both measures, and those who saw both the explicit sex and the violence scored somewhere in between.

Taken together, these studies strongly suggest that violence against women need not occur in a pornographic or sexually explicit context to have a negative effect upon viewer attitudes and behavior. But even more importantly, it must be concluded that violent images, rather than sexual ones, are most responsible for people's attitudes about women and rape.

As should be obvious to anyone with a television set, the mass media contain an abundance of such nonsexually explicit images and messages. These ideas about rape are so pervasive in our culture that it is myopic to call them the exclusive domain of violent pornography. In fact, one would not have to search much farther than the local 7-Eleven to find numerous bloody murder mysteries in detective magazines that reinforce this point.

And this is where we have our strongest disagreement with the Commission on Pornography. Granted that the charter of the group was to examine the pernicious effects of pornography on society. Granted also that the time, money and other resources of the commission were limited. But it seems appropriate to note that if the commissioners were looking for the most nefarious media threat to public welfare, they missed the boat. The most clear and present danger, well documented by the social science literature, is all violent material in our society, whether sexually explicit or not, that promotes violence against women. Let us hope that the next commission will provide a better example by disentangling sexuality from violence, therefore yielding more useful conclusions. □

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

January 30, 1985

Mr. Ted Bundy
PO Box 747
Starke, Florida 32091

Dear Ted,

Thanks for your quick reply. Yes, I also like to deal in first names, and I prefer Ron. Only my mother calls me Ronnie. A typed letter is not as personal as one which is handwritten, but my writing is so bad... How bad is it? Worse than yours when you had to be on your side because of the cold weather.

I read your letter with great interest. I would like to react to it in some order as to the points you raised. First of all, I agree with your general comment that we should kind of take it slow. However, as you are aware there was a manifest purpose in trying to talk with you before the seminar in May. I hope that this can still be done.

I believe that I can assure you that anything you tell me that you do not want ~~to~~ repeat, I will keep confidential. I believe that this is the only way for people to treat each other. I want to learn more about the problem of serial murder, and would like very much to be someone to share some thoughts with you. I am very much interested in your point of view.

Ted, I am including with this letter some materials for your examination. Any of the books I send you would not have to return unless I specifically state. Any of the copied materials you can consider to be your property also. One of the copied materials is a list of serial killers, and yes, you will see your name included, as you requested in your letter. I am also taking the liberty in listing some books which I believe you may find interesting:

The Red Dragon - Thomas Harris
fiction, but so real
The Want-Ad Killer - your friend, Ann
The I-5 Killer - Ann Rule
Bad Blood - Richard Leville
Til Death Us Do Part - Bugliosi
The Third Deadly Sin - Lawrence Sanders
fiction again, but a female killer

I have included with this letter a couple of these books, you are welcome to keep them. I do not have an extra copy of my book (honest), but when I get one, I'll send it on down to you. I have included a copy of the chapters on kiddie porn and adult pornography.

As you suggested, I have called Mr. Dugger and sent him a letter describing to him what I wished to do. I told him basically that I had asked you for an interview and also if I could videotape the session. I related your concerns about publicity, etc., and he said that he too would have some concerns about the establishing a precedence. Anyhow, I sent him a copy of my vita, some supporting documents, and asked Don Patchen if he could drop him a note to let him know I was who I said I was (I make myself sound important, don't I?). I'm sure he will get back in touch with me. He has no problem with us talking, just the videotape. I know you have some problems with that also.

Ted, as I mentioned earlier, I believe that everything should be above board in our dealings. I think you feel the same way. So, at the risk of terminating our relationship at this point, I believe that I must say this. I have contacted the University's attorney as well as a private attorney about the "Legal Mail" status. Both stated that they believe that our correspondence would not qualify. Anything I would send you would be materials that I would not care who examined it. I hope you understand my position. I could simply neglect to print it on the outside of the package, but I believe this would not be honest with you. I do not operate like that.

So, I hope we can be friends. As you said, honesty in our dealings is imperative.

I have included with this package another thing. I am writing an article on serial murder which I hope to have published either in Federal Probation or Police Chief. Neither of the magazines are refereed, so the academics look down their noses on non-refereed journals. However, I believe that my writings should go out where the most people will read them. A journal in sociology I recently read stated that on an average, 11 people read an article which appears in a refereed journal. Well, to get on with what I am trying to say. Would you look over the article and give me any thoughts. I have tried to look at serial killers, breaking them down into immediately two categories, stable and transient, and then into four types. What do you think?

I am sitting here at my desk writing this letter and listening to Ann Murray. I really like country music, not the real twang, but people like Ann Murray, Oak Ridge Boys, Johnny Cash, Marty Robbins, etc. What do you like. If you have a cassette player, my sons have a thing (a technical term don't you think?) and I can make you some copies of such good music.

As I mentioned, I have permission to talk with Henry Lee Lucas when a date can be arranged with the Texas Rangers. I thought perhaps I could swing by Florida and see you. Just for a talk if you would like, no videotape. I also will be in Florida the first of May. My middle son, Steve, plays baseball for the University of Louisville, and the Metro tourney will be held at that time. I could also come by that time.

VITA

RONALD M. HOLMES

EDUCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

B.A.	Bellarmino College Louisville, Ky. 1961	Psychology
M.A.	University of Louisville Louisville, Ky. 1968	Sociology
M.Ed.	Spalding University Louisville, Ky. 1970	Psychological Testing
Ed.S.	University of Louisville Louisville, Ky. 1972	Administration Sociology
Ed.D.	Indiana University Bloomington, Indiana 1972	Administration Sociology Psychology/Social Work

Post-Doctoral Studies

Criminology
Seminar in the Family
Psychopathology
Readings in Criminal Justice
The Criminal Justice System

Additional Graduate Studies

From the Kent School of Social Work, I have earned twenty-five graduate hours.

GRADUATE COURSES COMPLETED BY ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE

Sociology

Seminar in Social Psychology
Seminar in Sociology
General Sociological Theory
Seminar in Sociological Methodology
Sociology of Poverty
Seminar in Social Organization
Educational Sociology
Independent Study in the Family

Seminar in the Family
Criminology
Thesis
Total of 45 Graduate Hours

Psychology

Introduction to Guidance and Counseling
Introduction to Psychological Testing
Psychometrics I and II
Theories of Personality
Psychology of the Exceptional Child
Abnormal Psychology
Research Methods in Psychology
Total of 24 Graduate Hours

Social Work

Psychopathology
Human Growth and Development
Social Service and the Correctional Field
Social Research I
Problems in Child Welfare
Human Growth and Development II
Casework I
Field Work (Internship in Psychiatric Hospital)
Social Welfare
Legal Foundations
Community Organization
Administrative Aspects in Corrections
Total of 25 Graduate Hours

Education - Administration

The Community College
Administration in Education
Problems in Administrative Education
Finance Problems
Personnel Administration
Seminar in Administration
Information and Development in Education
American Colleges and Universities
Seminar in Education
College Teaching
Independent Study
School and Community
Internship (College Administration)
Thesis
Dissertation
Total of 48 Graduate Hours

Other

Criminal Justice System
Directed Readings in Criminal Justice
Total of 6 Graduate Hours

GRAND TOTAL OF 148 GRADUATE HOURS

EMPLOYMENT HISTORY

Institutional Social Worker	Ormsby Village Louisville, Ky. 1961-1963
Probation Officer	Jefferson County Juvenile Court Louisville, Ky. 1963-1967
Group Therapist	Maryhurst Louisville, Ky. 1968-1970
Parole Officer	Department of Child Welfare Louisville, Ky. 1967-1968
Assistant Professor	Spalding University Louisville, Ky. 1968-1969
Associate Professor Chairman, Department of Continuing Education Chairman, Sociology Department	Jefferson Community College Louisville, Ky. 1969-1980
Associate Professor Coordinator of Graduate Studies Graduate Faculty Status	University of Louisville School of Justice Administration Louisville, Ky. 1980-present
Police Instructor	Kentucky Law Enforcement Council

ADJUNCT FACULTY ASSIGNMENTS

University of Louisville	Sociology Department Southern Police Institute
University of Kentucky	Sociology Department Education Department
Indiana University Southeast	Sociology Department

21
PUBLICATIONS

Books

Sexual Behavior: Prostitution, Homosexuality and Swinging, McCutcheon Publishing Company, 1973.

A Training Manual for the Effectiveness of Private Security Officers, Falls City Printing Co. 1976.

Sociological Implications for Selected Social Problems, Holt, Rinehart and Winston. 1972.

Holmes, Ronald M. The Sex Offender and the Criminal Justice System, Charles C. Thomas Publishing Co. 1983.

Holmes, Ronald M. "Children in Pornography," in Inventory of Marriage and Family Literature, Volume XI, Spring 1985.

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Holmes, Ronald M., "UP From the Ivory Tower," Southern Coalition Report, February, 1981.

Holmes, Ronald M., "A Case Against the Death Penalty," Southern Coalition Report, Summer, 1981.

Holmes, Ronald M., "Spouse Abuse: Characteristics of the Abuser," Community College Social Science Quarterly, Spring, 1982.

Holmes, Ronald M. and Gary W. Sykes, "Shock Probation in Kentucky," Perspectives, Summer, 1983.

Holmes, Ronald M. "Jail Activity and the Full Moon," Police Product News, November, 1983.

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Holmes, Ronald. "Children In Pornography," Police Chief, February, 1984, 51, 2, 42.

Holmes, Ronald and James DeBurger. "A Response to Morley and Burton's "Reflecting on Neighborhood Futures: A Toronto Example" Urban Resource Journal, April, 1984.

Holmes, Ronald. "A Case Against the Death Penalty: The Cruel and Unusual Argument," SPIAA News, December, 1984.

CURRENT PAPERS SUBMITTED FOR PUBLICATION

- Holmes, Ronald M. and James DeBurger. "Kiddie Porn and Humanistic Values."
Submitted to the Humanistic Sociologist.
- Holmes, Ronald M. and Nancy Cook. "Correctional Management: Down the
Yellow Brick Road." Submitted for publication.
- Holmes, Ronald M. "Jail Suicide: A Cognitive Model for Suicide Intervention"
Submitted for publication.
- Holmes, Ronald M. "The Partnership Between Education and Training in
Producing the Professional in Corrections." Submitted for
publication.
- Holmes, Ronald M., Gennaro Vito and Deborah Wilson. "Prison and Probation:
A comparative Analysis of Shock and Regular Probationers." Submitted
for Publication.

BOOKS IN PROCESS

- Holmes, Ronald M., The Pedophile: A Dilemma for the Criminal Justice
System
- Holmes, Ronald M. and Gerry Beavers. Murder, Sex and Aggression: A Criminal
Justice Response.

CURRENT RESEARCH PROJECTS

- "Rates of Attrition In Jail Personnel"
- "Elderly Inmates: A Problem for Correctional Institutions"
- "An Evaluation of Risk/Needs Assessment for Adult Probationers"
- "Elderly Victims of Violent Crimes"

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Southern Sociological Society
Sociologists and Anthropologists of Kentucky
Southern Correctional Association
Kentucky Law Enforcement Council
American Society of Criminology

BOARD MEMBERSHIP

Female Offender Resource Center
Louisville and Jefferson County Crime Commission
Jefferson County Research Consortium
Alcohol Education Program of Louisville

NATIONAL SPEAKING ENGAGEMENTS AND PAPERS DELIVERED

- 1972 Community College Social Science Association
 Los Angeles, California
 "Swinging as a Functional Alternative to Prostitution"
- 1973 National Social Science Association
 Chicago, Illinois
 "Co-Marital Sex:Wave of the Future?"
- 1974 Community College Social Science Association
 Dallas, Texas
 "Ethical Inconsistencies in Sexual Behavior"
- 1974 Kentucky Guidance and Counseling Association
 Louisville, Kentucky
 "Homosexuality"
- 1977 Community College Social Science Association
 Tampa, Florida
 "Synodic Lunar Patterns and Sex Crimes"
- 1978 National Divorced Catholic Parents Association
 Louisville, Kentucky
 "The Divorced Catholic Parent:Where Does He Fit?"
- 1979 Community College Social Science Association
 St. Louis, Missouri
 "Synodic Lunar Phases and Crime"
- 1980 University of Louisville Medical School
 Louisville, Kentucky
 "The Homosexual Patient"

- 1980 American Association of Humanistic Sociologists
Louisville, Kentucky
"Humanistic Values and Police Brutality"
- 1981 Child Tragedies: A National Symposium on Exploited Children
Louisville, Kentucky
"Childhood Prostitution, Pornography and Runways"
- 1981 North-Central Sociological Association
Cincinnati, Ohio
"Ethical Inconsistencies in Human Sexual Behavior"
- 1982 Academy of Criminal Justice Science Annual Meeting
Louisville, Kentucky
"Childhood Prostitution and Pornography"
- 1982 Southern Conference on Corrections
Tallahassee, Florida
"Shock Probation in Kentucky"
- 1982 Eastern Kentucky University
Richmond, Kentucky
"Sexual Values in a Contemporary Society"
- 1982 American Association of Humanistic Sociologists
Washington, D.C.
"Commercial Sexploitation of Children"
- 1983 A Conference on Suicide Intervention
Louisville, Kentucky
"Environmental Influences on Suicidal Behavior"
- 1983 Interdisciplinary Sex Instruction
University of Louisville Medical School
"Crimes Against Children: Psychosocial Factors:"
- 1983 Workshop In Classroom Sexuality
Eastern Kentucky Univerity
"Contemporary Sexual Values in the Classroom"
- 1983 Southern Association of Criminal Justice Educators
Lexington, Ky.
"The State of Corrections in Kentucky"
- 1983 Kentucky Council on Crime and Delinquency
Louisville, Ky.
"The Partnership Between Education and Training in Producing
the Professional."
- 1983 National Pop Culture Association
Jacksonville, Florida
"Do It Yourself Pornography"

- 1983 American Association of Sex Researchers and Educators
Charleston, South Carolina
"Children in Pornography: A Sociological Analysis"
- 1984 National Pop Culture Association
Toronto, Canada
The Police Detective Magazine: A Study in Power, Sex Roles, and
Violence in the Media."
- 1984 Southern Sociological Society
Knoxville, Tennessee
"The Detective Magazine: Images and Stereotypes in Popular Culture."
- 1984 Corrections Seminar on Inmate Violence: Causes, Prevention and Control
Louisville, Kentucky
"Our Violent Society"
- 1984 Interdisciplinary Congress on Societal Transformation
Louisville, Kentucky
"Transgenerational Sexual Violence"
- 1984 National Council on Family Relations
San Francisco, California
"Sexual Exploitation of Children"
- 1984 American Humanistic Society
Chicago, Illinois
"Special Needs of the Elderly Offender"
- 1984 Kentucky Council on Crime and Delinquency
Louisville, Kentucky
"Criminal Justice In The Future: Strategic Programs
and Intervention"

GRADUATE TEACHING EXPERIENCE

I have had the opportunity to teach on the graduate level courses at the various colleges and universities as listed below:

University of Louisville	Comprehensive Law Enforcement Planning Foundations of Corrections Administrations of Corrections Advanced Criminal Behavior Research Methods in Criminal Justice Special Topics in Criminal Justice
University of Kentucky	Sociology of Deviant Behavior The Family Criminology Juvenile Delinquency Educational Sociology
Indiana University	The Family
Spalding University	Juvenile Delinquency

UNDERGRADUATE TEACHING EXPERIENCE

My teaching experience on the undergraduate level of courses which are directly related to corrections are as follows:

Jefferson Community College

Criminology
Social Problems
Juvenile Delinquency

University of Kentucky

Sociology of Deviant Behavior

University of Louisville

Introduction to Corrections
Institutional Corrections
Non-institutional Corrections
Correctional Rehabilitation
Seminar in Corrections
Criminal Behavior
Sex Offenders and Their Offenses
Introduction to Criminal Justice

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

September 27, 1985

Mr. Ted Bundy
069063 R2N3
Florida State Prison
Starke, FL 32091

Dear Ted,

It has been quite a while since I have heard from you, and frankly I am becoming concerned about our relationship. I have written to you on three separate occasions since the first of May, and I have not received any reply. My first thought would be that perhaps the mail has been somewhat delayed or misplaced. I hope that this is the case. The other alternative is that you have decided that we should not continue our relationship. I would hate to see that happen because I think I could learn a lot from you about serial murder. Secondly, I enjoyed our meeting, and I would like to talk with you some more. Also, once I meet someone I like and feel comfortable with, it's hard to see this relationship dissolve without a good reason.

I have kept my word with you about talking with the media. Some people have called me, and I do verify the interview we shared, but the details of the conversation remain our own business.

✓ I have recently signed a contract to do a book on serial murder. Would you like to write a chapter? Think of the possibilities. I would split the proceeds with your daughter (I'm not like Michaud and Aynesworth). If not, that's OK too. But I think it would be a shame for someone like yourself not to share their knowledge and information with others. I think you could make a great contribution.

I was in Sarasota in July and heard that your clemency hearing had been rescheduled until September and now until December. Is there anything I can do? I would be happy to write someone or do anything I can on your behalf. I agree with you, there is no reason to execute, society can be much better served by learning about human behavior.

I have begun to collect police detective magazines regarding the murder cases that we once talked about. I'll let you know more about it later.

I was involved in a homicide seminar in Phoenix a couple of weeks ago. My topic was serial murder, of course. I talked about serial murder in general, and used a couple of your ideas, e.g., formula for serial murder, compulsion, etc., and of course did mention that you and I have talked. I also said that I wanted to talk with you again, but did not know the current status of our relationship. Al Carlisle was there talking about psychological profiling. He, Bob Keppel, Rod Englert, Jerry Potter (a guy doing a book on Lucas), and a guy from the FBI (Bill Cheek), are going to do a seminar in California together. I don't know what the FBI can add. I know you hold them in high regard, but I have some serious doubts about their expertise. Maybe this is just professional jealousy.

Any information you can share with me about Stano and Toole? You may recall, we talked a little about them when I was down there in April.

Ted, there are many questions I want to ask you about serial murder. I hope you choose to respond to this letter so we can really move into trying to get some answers regarding this very serious problem. I believe that you are the person to talk with. You certainly have the ability to respond intelligently and intelligibly. This is a big advantage over other persons. Lucas will tell people whatever they want to hear. As you said Stano and Toole have problems communicating. I have written Edmund Kemper, and I have not mailed it as yet because of some of my own thoughts about our relationship.

I guess what I am saying is that I would like for our relationship to continue. I don't know how you feel since I have not heard from you since April. I believe that you have a lot on your mind, this is an understatement I realize, and us talking and writing is probably a low priority. On the other hand, I really don't want to bug or hassle you with letters. So, if I don't hear from you I will assume that you wish not to go any further. I hope that this is not the case.

Take care, and I hope to hear from you soon.

Ron Holmes
7325 Wesboro Road
Louisville, KY 40222

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

Ted,

This is a copy of my letter that I sent you last month. Probably, by the time you get this you will have gotten the original packet of stuff I sent.

Thanks for the call the other day. I'll write you back a letter within the next day or two and ask you a few things about my impending trip.

See you.



Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

January 30, 1985

Mr. Ted Bundy
PO Box 747
Starke, Florida 32091

Dear Ted,

Thanks for your quick reply. Yes, I also like to deal in first names, and I prefer Ron. Only my mother calls me Ronnie. A typed letter is not as personal as one which is handwritten, but my writing is so bad... How bad is it? Worse than yours when you had to be on your side because of the cold weather.

I read your letter with great interest. I would like to react to it in some order as to the points you raised. First of all, I agree with your general comment that we should kind of take it slow. However, as you are aware there was a manifest purpose in trying to talk with you before the seminar in May. I hope that this can still be done.

I believe that I can assure you that anything you tell me that you do not want ~~us~~ repeat, I will keep confidential. I believe that this is the only way for people to treat each other. I want to learn more about the problem of serial murder, and would like very much to be someone to share some thoughts with you. I am very much interested in your point of view.

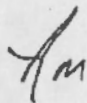
Ted, I am including with this letter some materials for your examination. Any of the books I send you would not have to return unless I specifically state. Any of the copied materials you can consider to be your property also. One of the copied materials is a list of serial killers, and yes, you will see your name included, as you requested in your letter. I am also taking the liberty in listing some books which I believe you may find interesting:

The Red Dragon - Thomas Harris
fiction, but so real
The Want-Ad Killer - your friend, Ann
The I-5 Killer - Ann Rule
Bad Blood - Richard Leville
Til Death Us Do Part - Bugliosi
The Third Deadly Sin - Lawrence Sanders
fiction again, but a female killer

I have included with this letter a couple of these books, you are welcome to keep them. I do not have an extra copy of my book (honest), but when I get one, I'll send it on down to you. I have included a copy of the chapters on kiddie porn and adult pornography.

Well, I have rambled. After you have had some time to think about some of the things I have said, please write back. I have included an envelope for your use. If you need anything I can provide, let me know.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be 'Ron' or 'Holmes', written in a cursive style.

Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

December 27, 1984

Mr. Theodore Bundy
Florida State Prison
Raiford, Florida 32083

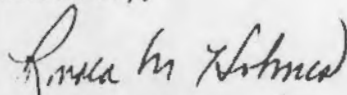
Dear Mr. Bundy:

I would like to first of all introduce myself to you. My name is Ron Holmes and I am an associate professor of criminal justice at the School of Justice Administration, University of Louisville. Being a person familiar with the criminal justice system yourself because of your experience in the crime commission and also a former law student, you may have heard of the Southern Police Institute and the National Crime Prevention Institute. Both of these programs are part of our School. As per my connection with the School, I was instrumental in designing a National Seminar on Serial Murder this past November, 1984, in Louisville. The program itself went well, we had several speakers, including an acquaintance of yours, Ann Rule, along with several other persons. Of course, you were spoken of many times.

We are planning another seminar in May, 1985, in Hilton Head, N.C. The purpose of this letter is to inquire into the possibility of talking with you personally prior to the meeting itself. I have read The Stranger Beside Me, The Deliberate Stranger, The Stranger Next Door, The Phantom Prince, and The Only Living Witness. Needless to say, I have developed a great interest in you and your case. I have spoken in great length to other people in criminal justice about yourself, including people such as Mike Fisher, Don Patchen, Ann Rule, and Carol DaRonch Swenson. I would like the opportunity to talk with you in person to get another side to the story, and perhaps even have the opportunity to videotape the session to play back at the Seminar. I would have to believe that such a presentation by yourself to a group of law enforcement personnel would leave a lasting impression.

I know that you probably get a million request such as this, but I hope that you will give this your serious consideration. I have enclosed with this letter a self-addressed, stamped envelope for your convenience.

Sincerely,



Ronald M. Holmes
Associate Professor

(6)

January 13, 1985

Ted Bundy
Florida State Prison
Starke, FL

Dear Ted,

Please excuse me for taking so long to write. I have been so busy with trying to get my thoughts down on paper for the book I am trying to do. I am better at rambling with my thoughts on a tape recorder, and it takes so long to put stuff down and still have it make some sense.

I have been assigned to teach a new course at the University of Louisville, juvenile delinquency. I have not taught this course for 7-8 years, and in some instances I am sure it will be the blind leading the blind.

Of course I got your letter and your very nice Christmas card. Both were appreciated. I hope you got my card and everything finds you well and in good spirits. I saw in the paper where Governor Graham has postponed some actions on your case; hopefully things will work out OK for you. Don Patchen sent me a news clipping and I have enclosed this in *this letter*. Don, Al Carlisle, Bob Keppel, Ann Rule, Jim Boutwell, the sheriff at Georgetown, Texas where Lucas was housed when he was in his confession mode, and myself are going to be in a seminar in California outside L.A. February 13-14. I hope that I can talk with you in person before that time. Also I hope we can get a videotape interview. (I'm sure you have heard that before.) I'm also going to be involved in a serial murder seminar in Columbus, Ohio in March, give a talk at the Academy of Criminal Justice Sciences the last of March in Orlando, and be involved in a series of lectures at the Southern Police Institute at the University of Louisville starting in June. I believe that it is very important that I talk again with you before this all happens. I know that you can tell me a lot regarding the problem of serial murder. How about it?

I really don't know about the writing from Al. He called me last week and said that you had written to him after several years. I did not say anything about what you had written to me, neither did I say anything about the letter from him which you shared with me. Al is starting to become very interested in satanic cults and murder. I know very little about this sort of thing. He was in Kentucky last year in Lexington, Ky., and visited a murder site located on the campus of Transylvania College. A young woman was strangled with her own bra (no, I don't think you are a suspect in this case). Her body was found next to the grave site of a person who supposedly placed a curse on the College. The College and the grave site are located in the

edge of a pentagram. Interesting, but again I know very little. There was a case in Louisville a couple of months ago where the police located a man who was a pedophile and also had a collection of pictures of himself and little boys nude, tied up, and all of the poses were inside the pentagram. He had a collection of satanic things, and I was called in by the local exploited child unit to offer some ideas. I believed, after talking with the man, that he was too stupid to be a real satanist, and he was playing around with things that he knew very little about. I believe that a person who is really into the satan worship genre must be intellectually sharp and know a little more than when to come in out of the rain. No child was hurt, and he is presently in jail awaiting an indictment by the grand jury.

I know that you have probably heard that Henry Lucas has recanted all of his killings except the murder of his mother back in 1961 or so. Any thoughts about his case?

✓ Ted, reacting to your thoughts about your role in my research, I believe that you are right. I think I can get a lot of good information from you if I can get your confidence and listen to what you have to say. "Deep throat" is probably the better way to handle the serial murder information problem. There is no way I can get the information myself. I need you. I better go on and admit it.

Can you tell me anything about "the force?" I know you have mentioned it in some instances as "a deep feeling inside me," "the entity," and so on. When they interviewed you down in Pensacola you said something to the effect that there was something deep down within you that you could not control. Is this an accurate quote?

Are you corresponding with any of the other people I might be interested in? I have the addresses of people such as Edmund Kemper, Wayne Williams, Kenneth Bianchi, Wayne Gacy and a few others. I have written to Kemper (no reply), Kenneth Bianchi (no reply), Wayne Williams (he wanted to talk but his lawyers advised him against it). Perhaps you might have better luck. Maybe you could tell them about me and the fact that I can be trusted. Think about it. If all of you can get together and exchange ideas and thoughts, what a terrific pool of knowledge.

Tomorrow I have no classes. I plan on going over your letter more carefully and react to your points. Another letter will follow in a couple of days.

Take care.

Ron Holman

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

January 9, 1985

Mr. Ted Bundy
Box 747
Starke, Florida 32604

Dear Mr. Bundy:

Thank you for your quick reply to my letter. I shall try to answer some of your concerns about my motives and my activities in the area of criminal justice and specifically serial murder.

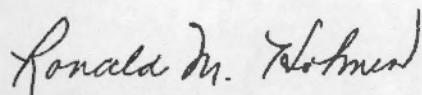
First of all, I can certainly appreciate your concern about the so-called "experts" in the field. I personally know of only one expert in the field of life and that is my sixteen year old son, Terry. I can only say that I am very interested in the subject of serial murder, and my interest is that of an academic nature. I am not interested in making money at another person's expense. That does sound unbelievable, doesn't it?

My focus on the subject of serial murder is to try to obtain as much information and knowledge as possible. My interest then is to try to do some workshops, seminars and college class sessions to college students as well as law enforcement personnel at the School of Justice Administration, National Crime Prevention Institute, and the Southern Police Institute. I am at a point in time when I feel the need to talk with a variety of persons who apparently have some experience in this subject. This has lead me to converse with such people as Ann Rule, Don Patchen, Mike Fisher, Carol DaRonch Swenson, and even Ken Katsaris. I can understand that you may have some negative feelings about some of these people, but I hope that you can also understand my point of view. There is not much to base a judgement upon until you meet someone personally and then make your own judgement. I don't think I would want to buy a used car from Katsaris.

I can only relate to you in my sincere tone. I have included with this letter a copy of resume which will show you my background. As you can see, most of my work is in the area of child abuse, juvenile prostitution, juvenile pornography, and homosexuality (no, I am not gay). I have little experience with serial murder, but as you so aptly state in your letter, who does? I am trying though. I have done a lot of reading in the area both the pop stuff and the academic stuff. I believe though that I could learn a lot more by talking with someone like yourself who could give me his side of the story. My motive, as I said above, is to pass on this information, information from the professional literature as well as your input. I believe that your input would add a valuable dimension.

I have included with this letter in addition to my vita, several of my publications, the literature from the seminar last November, and other incidental stuff. We have not designed the final advertisement for the May meeting as yet. When we do, I will send you a copy. I hope that you will find that I am truly on the up-and-up and am only trying to gain some insight into this problem. Please accept my sincere thanks for your consideration into this problem. I am sure you understand my concern over writing to you in the first place. I certainly can understand your concern about answering a letter from someone who is a total stranger and someone with whom you are not familiar.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Ronald M. Holmes". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name.

Ronald M. Holmes, Ed.D.
Associate Professor
Coordinator of Graduate Studies

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

Dear Ted,

I'm sorry it has taken so long to get back with you... But I must say I believe I must write you this last time.

I am truly sorry you have taken offense at the material I have given you. The reason I gave you the chart, for example, was that this was material that I had gleaned from several sources, e.g., Deliberate Stranger, Stranger Beside Me, and so on. I wanted you to take a look at it and tell me what was wrong so I could react to it and make notes and changes. It was not a finished piece of work. Maybe you misunderstood the chart.

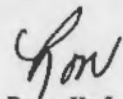
Of course, your remarks about the quality of my notes I cannot respond to. You really have no way of knowing about my note taking ability especially since you did not see my notes. They may be good or they may be bad.

Of course, my writings on serial murder has to be taken from my case studies and interviews with some serial killers. I have secured a rather large sum grant to do such a study nationwide and anticipate doing this in the next few months. I think this study will last about two years. Hopefully by that time I will have some more information, information which is mine and not what I have been forced to learn from other writings. I hope to get the information from the people themselves.

I have enclosed a chapter from my book which should be coming out in September. I have tried to take some direction from the conversation we had together last year. Incidentally, I talked with a former FBI agent in Jacksonville the other week, and he said that he had talked with you several times. I know that he is going to talk about you in a seminar they are doing in Jacksonville in August and November. I hope he told you that. I was honest in my dealings with you, and I expect other people to be the same. But we all know that this does not always happen.

It was certainly nice talking with you and writing letters back and forth. But I guess you and I really have reached an impasse. Too bad.

Take care.


Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

March 26, 1985

Mr. Ted Bundy
PO Box 747
Starke, FL 32091

Dear Ted,

I received a packet of books that I sent to you on March 18, and there was a handwritten message on the outside of the envelope that stated, "Needs Package Permit."

Well, I then talked with Mr. Dugger and he carefully explained to me about the permit system, that you had four permits a year and if I wanted to send you anything you would have to use one of your permits. I also asked him about the possibility of bringing some books down with me when I come on April 19. He said that again the package permit system would be involved.

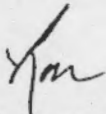
Let me know what I can do about any books you might like to have. Did you ever receive my original packet of materials that I sent to you back in February. It was never returned to me.

I also am interested in your thoughts about the article which I wrote regarding the types of serial murderers. Do you have any comments you might think are important as far as additions, errors, or other comments you feel might be important?

Also, did you receive the letter I wrote you on January 30th?

See you. If there is anything you want me to bring, let me know and I'll clear it with the warden's office.

Sincerely,



Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

March 13, 1985

Mr. Ted Bundy
PO Box 747
Starke, FL 32019
32019
32019

Dear Ted,

I wanted to drop you a line to inform you that I will down to see you on Friday, April 19, at 8:00. I talked with Mr. Dugger this past Tuesday, and he suggested that this would be a good day. He also said that we could visit the whole day if we both wanted.

I sent you a copy of my letter dated 1-30-85 two weeks ago. I hope you have received it. Also I hope that you have received the books and printed materials I sent several weeks ago. If not, please let me know, and I'll bring some down when I come.

Ted, as you know, I have made no pretense about my desiring to talk with you. I want to know more about the problem of serial murder. I need to know about what you think about the problem and really perhaps we can pick each other's brains about it. By the time I will be at your place I will have talked with Henry Lee Lucas in Texas. You know that I am going to use the videotape interview I am to do with him for the Serial Murder Workshop, and Lucas is aware of that. I would like to speak to the persons attending our seminar about the problem not only from the point of view of some so-called experts, including FBI, Ann Rule, and some others.

The previous letter contained many other comments which I believe are important for us to mutually react. I am sure you are occupied reading some of the stuff I sent you. Please write when you have the opportunity. I am including an envelope for your use.

See you in April.

Sincerely,

Rm
Ronald M. Holmes

*Ted, this letter came back to me on 3-27.
I apparently put the wrong zip code on the
envelop. Sorry,*

May 30, 1985

Ted Bundy
069063 R2N3
Florida State Prison
Box 747
Starke, FL 32091

Dear Ted,

I thought I would drop you a line after the seminar was over.

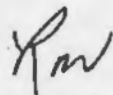
Overall, I think it went very well. I was very impressed with Al Carlisle. His thoughts on serial murder were interesting. He talked about a feeling of compulsion which he believes sweeps over people who feel the "need" to kill. There seems to be a "shadow" which overcomes their being and they need to kill to keep the shadow from coming and taking over. There is something down within themselves, it becomes so strong that they cannot handle the stirrings.

Don Patchen was good at explaining about the political infighting and turf protection which goes on. Jerry Potter, an author, made a short presentation about Henry Lucas. He is doing a book on him, and his thoughts were that Henry indeed has killed many more people than the 3 Texas has found him guilty of. Thompson and Fisher were there. Ann Rule is concerned about how you feel about her, I believe she still has some very positive feelings for you. I know she would like to hear from you at some time.

My presentation was a little different than the others. I tried to take off on some of the things you talked about. The rational feelings of the serial murderer, the dumping of the victims, the crime scene, etc. I had several people asking about the differences in the presentations of myself and Carlisle. He was very theoretical and almost psychodynamic while mine was practical and pragmatic. Quite an interesting comparison.

Two graduate assistants are starting the first of August. I would like to do something about the project we talked about. Think about it, and maybe we can do something. (I'm still thinking about the video interview, stubborn right?)

Well, take care, write when you can.



Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

July 2, 1985

Mr. Ted Bundy
069063 R2N3
Florida State Prison
Starke, FL 32091

Dear Ted,

It has been some time since I have heard from you so I thought I would drop you a line. I hope everything is going OK with you. I am somewhat concerned since I have not heard from you since your letter of April 24th.

I am still very interested in the topic of serial murder. An agent with the FBI was at the Southern Police Institute the other day, Bill Cheek, and he said that serial murder is becoming an old topic. I cannot agree with his statement, but then I seldom agree with the FBI. Rod Englert was also at our school last week. He and Cheek tried to get me to talk with them about you, but I felt it was better to let you talk about your feelings to the FBI if you wanted to. I remembered that you said that a fellow from the Jacksonville office had talked with you. I also have had several news persons call me and want me to talk with them about our conversation. I have refused to do this as per our agreement.

I still have not received my book on the Hillside Strangler. It should be in any day. I have a bunch of stuff I could send you, books, etc., but I should save these until you want to "spend" one of your tickets. Let me know.

I have talked with the people at a company in Louisville called the Louisville News. They have the local distribution rights on magazines and place them on the newstands. They promised to give me all the left over detective magazines each month. This can be the start of the gathering of names of serial killers. I am not aware of any newsclipping service on serial murder, but I do belong to a computer service which will do a monthly gathering of sources where mass, serial, multiple, etc. murder is mentioned. I will initiate this immediately.

I have included with this letter a copy of the news clipping on the Beoria Simmons case, the one I did the profile on. I am looking for the profile itself. I have included a profile on another case where a street drunk was found with his own crutch inserted 17 inches into his anus. The homicide detective has since been transferred back to a beat and no one is working on this case.

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

Page 2

I have two grad students starting their work in August. Since I am the director of the graduate program at the University in our School, I will be directing their work. You can bet their number one priority will be in gathering information on our topic.

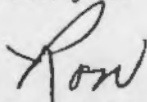
When we talk again, I would like to share my thoughts with you on Fisher and Thompson. I really did like Don Patchen, seems like a nice guy. I wish you would write to Ann, I think you would really like to hear from you after all this time.

My summer has been going real fast. Summer school is almost over, will be on July 12. We are going to Long Boat Key, outside Sarasota, for a week following the end of summer school. My middle son, Steve, ended up batting DH on the UL baseball team, and is second in the league in batting this summer in a league made up of former and present college players and a few former pros. He is really pretty good. He is also quite interested in you. My youngest son, Terry, successfully completed his junior year in high school, by the skin of his teeth. He is in the bottom third of his class. I swear, Ted, it's like pulling teeth with that boy. He took the ACT and received a composite score of 26. Before he took the test he was thinking about enrolling into the local community college. Now he talking about an appointment at the Naval Academy. He's a trip. My oldest son, Craig, age 21, is engaged much to my displeasure. He wants to enter law school next fall. He hasn't taken the LSAT yet, plans to sometime soon. My wife's name is Tootie (really, it's Evelyn) and she is an insurance investigator. She was working on a case where a fellow was released by a police department where he was suspected of killing his wife. To make a long story short, she found out that he was a bigamist, and the entire insurance claim now goes to her two children.

I bought Steve and Terry a car for their use, a 1972 VW Beetle, orange in color. It runs well, has 293,000 miles on it, but it has a motor which has only about 40,000 miles. The boys said that I've been reading too much about you. I'm really sorry that we could not have known each other under different circumstances. I read all the stuff about how charming and charismatic you are, and how you wear a spell. Well, part of that is true, but the other part is I think you and I could have been friends.

What's the status of your appeals? Let me know. I would like to make another trip down sometime. Write when you can.

See you.



Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

February 6, 1985

Ted Bundy
PO Box 747

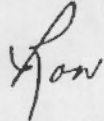
Starke, Florida 32604

Dear Ted,

I'm sorry. I forgot to include with the packet of information a self addressed envelope. So, here is one.

Also, I forgot to include the chapters on porn from my book. So, here the chapters are. *(Whorps, I can't find my copy. I'll have to look for it at home)*

I have also included some other stuff for your information.



Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

Ted,

I thought I'd drop this FBI stuff in the mail to you.

It is really a copy of a lot of past information that they have distributed. See what you think.

Thanks for writing again. I would like to come down soon, maybe within a month or two. Obviously I would like to videotape you, but if not that would not have an effect on my coming or not.

Look, if you want to write a chapter of the book or a portion of the chapter, I could put your portion of the fee I would get at the end of the year in a trust for your daughter. I know you have heard this before but I am being honest with you. I could send a check to your wife. Just an idea.

In a separate envelope I will send down an article about Al Carlisle and his theory of serial murder. I'm afraid to send too much in one envelope thinking they might categorize it as a package.

I'll write more in my next letter in the next day or two.

See you.

Rm
Ron Holmes

See, I just got your second letter in the afternoon mail. I'll respond to that one in the next day or so. I understand your comment about Toole and Stano. No problem. I always believe in not discussing confidential info. D

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

February 4, 1986

Mr. Ted Bundy
PO Box 747
Starke, FL

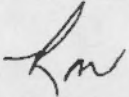
Dear Ted,

I would like to come down on February 28, on a Friday, to talk with you. I have contacted the warden's office and left my request with Mr. Dugger. He was out of town at a meeting, and I will try to get back in touch with him in a few days.

I hope that this time can be finalized with no problems. I will be in Tallahassee at the Southern Conference on Corrections at Florida State University, and I can leave Tallahassee on Friday morning to be at your place at 9:00. My plane will leave from Jacksonville at 8:00 PM. I don't know how long it takes to drive from Starke to Jacksonville but I would think no longer than 2 hours.

If there are any problems, please let me know as soon as possible.

Take care.



Ron Holmes

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

February 6, 1986

Mr. Ted Bundy
069063 R2N3
Florida State Prison
Box 747
Starke, FL 32091

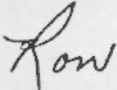
Dear Ted,

I heard on the radio today that they have set a date of March 4.

I talked with Mr. Dugger about my coming down on February 28, and he said that this would not be possible at this time. He said that I should call him after March 4 and arrange a time that you and I can spend together. It is apparently his belief that they will give you a stay.

I'll write to you when I find out more.

Sincerely,



Ronald M. Holmes

February, 1986

UNIVERSITY of LOUISVILLE

Mr. Ted Bundy
069063 R2N3
Florida State Prison
Starke, FL 39091

Dear Ted,

I thought I would drop you a short line. I hope that you have gotten the two letters I wrote you a few days ago, one with some information in it about newspaper clippings, chart that I have made of victims in states, etc.

I also talked with Mr. Dugger about the possibility of arranging another time I could come down, and I think I shared this with you in another note.

Well, guess what? Ann Rule called me the other day, and she said that she would like to write to you. She was wondering if you would answer her letter. You may have already received her letter. She wants to add a couple of chapters to The Stranger Beside Me. I told her that the only thing I could tell her was to write to you and I was sure you would reply. She really wants to come down and talk with you.

Also, a Dr. Joel Norris called me today. He is involved in a research study and also writing a book on serial murder. He wanted to know if you would talk with him. He is of the opinion that there is a relationship between diet, brain dysfunctioning and serial murder. He wants also to talk with you and do a CAT Scan. I also told him to talk with you by letter.

I thought you would want to know about Ann and Norris. I really don't know why they called me. I told them that you and I have talked and communicated but I do not in any way, shape or form speak for you. We are friends (I hope), and what you and I have talked about rests between the two of us.

Well, I'll write again when I have some time set for the visit.

Take care,

Ron
Ron Holmes

ABC NEWS

47 West 66th Street New York, New York 10023-6290 (212) 887-7777



July 27th, 1988

Dear Ted,

Thank you for your latest. I was very interested in your many points and I agree that there was nothing really very remarkable about your early relationship to animals. I think all bright youngsters are bound to inflict cruelty without evil intent just because they have to explore and learn. That is quite different from someone of any age getting their kicks out of putting puppies and kittens in cardboard boxes and setting the boxes on fire or shooting arrows or a .22 through the box. Unfortunately, there are people who do those things for years, starting in childhood.

As for violence in general, Ted, I have no explanation. It is a human capability - i.e. war - and so much else we hear about. We laugh at small time drug users and pushers but they are certainly doing violence, particularly to kids. Answer? I don't have any.

I am well aware of the irony of our two positions. A glliche here or there, I suppose, and our positions could be just the opposite from where they are now. I can't conceive of my doing the things of which you stand accused but who knows their true capacity for good or evil? It would take a very wise man or an absolute fool to say it is impossible for me to do or have done this or that thing without all of the stresses and history that goes with those things on line to play their part.

You write very well, you are terribly articulate and apparently thoughtful. Have you done any serious writing? It seems to me you have insight that could be important if you really do understand the forces to which you have been subjected and your reactions to those influences. Insight is a sad thing to lose. Put your energies to good use, Ted, write it down if you have not already done so. Having written rather a lot of books myself {54, I think} I know it takes sitting and sweating and thinking and facing oneself.

I do thank you for taking the trouble to write. I don't know if introspection is difficult for you or whether it is something you like to do. Either way, thank you for the insight.

And peace to you, too, Ted

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Caras", written over a long horizontal line that extends across the page.

Caras

ABC NEWS

47 West 66th Street New York, New York 10023-6290 (212) 887-7777



May 31st, 1988

Dear Ted,

Thank you for your letter, and for being so prompt. I do understand your position about doing things on camera while your appeal is pending.

I do not want to be on record anywhere as being coy about my intentions. You said you did not want to presume to know what they were. You should not be put in a position where you have to presume. As you obviously know there are studies {the latest one is from Yale} that indicates a triumverate of symptoms in people who as adults are found guilty {and sustained as guilty} of heavy-duty physical crimes. The three legs are enuresis {bed-wetting into the teen-age years}, a leaning toward arson and extreme cruelty to animals. A child with those symptoms is apparently screaming for help, if there is anyone to listen.

I believe those reports, Ted, I have no reason not to. I think it is very important that those facts be made known to parents, teachers, to all adults who might be in a position to observe kids when those symptoms can be recorded.

Obviously what I am seeking is your position vis-a-vis these findings since you do have a conviction for crimes in the appropriate categories. However, you do deny your guilt and are logically appealing those convictions.

So be it. Thank you very much for your kind words about my work. At least I try. It is an uphill fight as I am certain you know, but we can try.

All best wishes,

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Roger A. Caras".

Roger A. Caras

~~1/21/84~~ Karsel 1114

4246

FLD 3

W.N. 11

IDA. 2

UTAH 8

COLO. 3

ORE. 2

CALIF. 1

30 Total Cases.

KATHIE BRADFORD
F.B.I. PRESS
703-640-6131

first victim
claims in 1973
was



U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

FBI Academy
Quantico, Virginia 22135

FEB 03 1989

Captain Bob Evans
Department of Public Safety
King County Courthouse
516 Third Avenue
Seattle, Washington 98104

Dear Captain Evans:

The purpose of this letter is to confirm a recent conversation between you and Mr. Terry Green, Major Case Specialist, National Center for the Analysis of Violent Crime (NCAVC), in which you were extended an invitation to participate in a Ted Bundy Multi-Agency Investigation Team Conference to be held February 20-24, 1989, at the FBI Academy, Quantico, Virginia.

It is expected that this meeting will provide a forum for investigators involved in recent interviews of serial killer Theodore Robert Bundy at the Florida State Prison just prior to his January 24, 1989, execution. Also in attendance will be representatives of agencies intimately familiar with Bundy homicides who were unable to debrief him and detectives from other states where Bundy was known to be active.

As you are aware, it has been a very difficult process of selecting invitees as there is a tremendous amount of interest displayed by law enforcement worldwide in these cases. The participants will number approximately 20 and will be representative of seven states.

It is expected that from this conference and especially the timely exchange of information between attendees, an accurate assessment of Bundy's activities will evolve and provide valuable insights for law enforcement in ongoing or future investigations.

You have been invited because of your obvious expertise in investigating Bundy matters and/or your familiarity with him.

Captain Bob Evans

Also in attendance will be Supervisory Special Agent Bill Hagmaier of the FBI's Behavioral Science Investigative Support Unit who, as you know, had developed and maintained a close and confidential relationship with Bundy over the years.

In an attempt to provide for the most constructive utilization of time and offer a model for exchange of case data, investigators are being provided with a suggested format as well as a Multi-Agency Case Presentation Booklet for your use prior to arrival at the conference. It is realized that it may not be all-inclusive and certain descriptors or investigative elements may be non-existent.

It is also requested that participants bring visual (especially 35mm slides) and audio aides for use during presentation and discussion.

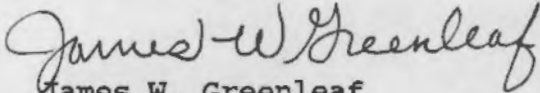
It is recognized that your absence from your respective duties may result in some hardship; however, your participation and the cooperation of your superiors are greatly appreciated.

You will be contacted in the near future by your local FBI office who will assist you in travel arrangements. All costs associated with travel and lodging will be covered by the FBI. Please note the enclosed information as a guide for your arrival in Washington, D.C., and your stay at the FBI Academy.

If you or your agency are in need of further information or we can assist you in material duplication, etc., please contact Mr. Green immediately at 800-634-4097.

I am looking forward to hearing from you and am content that this most important meeting will result in valuable experience for all.

Sincerely yours,


James W. Greenleaf
Assistant Director

Enclosures (3)

PROGRAM COORDINATOR

The Program Coordinator for this conference is Mr. Terence J. Green, Behavioral Science Investigative Support Unit, FBI Academy, Quantico, Virginia, telephone 703-640-1160 or 800-634-4097.

TRANSPORTATION

Arrival

Since there is limited public transportation from Washington, D.C., to the FBI Academy, the FBI will furnish transportation from National Airport to the Academy. Travelers should book flights to Washington National Airport with arrival time at 6 p.m., if possible.

Buses will depart for the Academy directly from the main bus lane at Washington National Airport at 7 p.m. on Monday, February 20, 1989. The main bus lane is located in the center of the airport circle. Gold Line buses will display a sign reading "Academy/Quantico." The Travelers Aid Station inside the airport will have current information should any problems arise.

For your convenience, it is strongly recommended that flights be arranged in and out of Washington National Airport. Attendees arriving at Dulles are to take the Washington Flyer shuttle leaving every hour on the hour from Dulles to National Airport to meet the Academy buses. The fare for this shuttle is approximately \$9.

In the event circumstances beyond the control of the traveler make it impossible to meet the Academy buses, Washington Flyer operates a shuttle that departs National Airport every two hours, beginning at 9:30 a.m., and every hour between 5:30 p.m. and 9:30 p.m., with service to the Academy. The Washington Flyer office is located on the north side of the Main Terminal past United Airlines. The shuttle fare is approximately \$15.

To minimize transportation costs to the Academy, the use of the Washington Flyer or taxi service must be specifically justified on the traveler's voucher claim.

The FBI Academy is located approximately 40 miles south of Washington, D.C., near Interstate 95. Attendees driving take exit 49 (Marine Corps Base Quantico) and travel approximately 5 miles west of the interstate.

Departure

The conference will conclude Friday, February 24, 1989, and bus transportation to Washington National Airport will be provided at 12:00 noon.

ACCOMMODATIONS

The FBI Academy, a training facility for both FBI employees and police officers from around the country, is laid out similar to a small college. There are dormitory-style rooms, cafeteria-style dining facilities, a snack bar/pub (called The Boardroom), movie theater, and numerous recreational facilities such as a gymnasium, tennis courts, weight room, and indoor swimming pool.

Used towels and linens may be exchanged at the laundry room for fresh ones daily. The laundry room, located on the first floor of the dining hall building, operates from 7 a.m. - 9 a.m., and from 12 noon - 2 p.m.

The FBI Academy dining hall operates on the following schedule:

Monday - Friday

Breakfast:	6:30 a.m. - 7:45 a.m.
Lunch:	11:30 a.m. - 1:30 p.m.
Dinner:	5:00 p.m. - 7:00 p.m.

The Boardroom, located near the cafeteria, offers a variety of snack items, including coffee, sweet rolls, and sandwiches. These items must be purchased by the attendee; the meals in the main cafeteria are free of charge to those wearing appropriate badges.

The Boardroom operates as a cash bar after 4:30 p.m., with snack items available for purchase.

DRESS CODE

Guests and students, while at the FBI Academy, are required to dress in a manner in keeping with the professional status of the Academy. During attendance at the conference, men must wear slacks and shirts with collars. Women are required to dress in a comparable professional manner, such as blouse and skirt, business suit, or dress. Jeans, t-shirts, tube or tank tops, halters, shorts, sandals, and sneakers are not considered acceptable for students in residency at the Academy. All males are required to wear coat and tie for Wednesday evening meal, with females wearing comparable attire.

RECREATION

A variety of recreational activities are available to guests at the FBI Academy. Color television sets are provided in the lounge areas. Outdoor facilities include lighted tennis courts, racquetball courts, obstacle course, horseshoes, and soccer. Equipment is available for such outdoor activities.

The gymnasium is open for use Monday - Friday from 7:30 a.m. to 8:30 p.m. The gymnasium may be used during these hours except when scheduled for classes. Activities include basketball, volleyball, jogging, and calisthenics.

The pool is open for use Monday - Friday from 12 noon to 1 p.m., 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. and 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Towels, soap, and locker space are provided in both the men's and women's locker rooms. The women's locker room also has blow dryers available for your use.

TELEPHONES

Each dormitory room is equipped with a telephone that may be used for calls within the Academy only. Pay phones are located throughout the complex for making all outgoing calls.

Incoming calls are handled by the operator and can be transferred to individual dormitory rooms. Incoming collect calls cannot be accepted. The FBI Academy phone number is 640-6131, area code 703.

Pay telephones are located in the Administration, Classroom, Dining Hall, and Dormitory buildings. All other phones available to attendees cannot be used for outside calls and operators will not place such calls.

HEALTH SERVICES

If you should become ill or injured while at the FBI Academy, you should contact the Front Desk in the Administration Building by dialing "0" from your room telephone. In the case of traumatic injury, serious illness, or a death, you should use the telephone hotline number, 3333. The operator can alert the Security Force, who are trained in emergency first aid and CPR.

A registered nurse is on duty during normal working hours Monday - Friday. Her office is located in the gymnasium building near the men's locker room.

AUTOMOBILES AND PARKING

All attendees driving to the FBI Academy will register their vehicles at the time of registration. Parking is provided in the large lot across from the Administration Building. Please observe the areas marked "Reserved." A parking permit will be issued at registration and must be displayed in your car when parking at the Academy.

MAIL SERVICE AND MESSAGES

Mail sent to attendees while at the conference should be addressed as follows: Name, c/o Ted Bundy Multi-Agency Investigation Team Conference, FBI Academy, Quantico, Virginia 22135. Telephone messages will be posted on a board outside the meeting room. The telephone number for the FBI Academy, which is in the Eastern (daylight savings) time zone, is (703) 640-6131.

BANKING

A Sovran bank branch is located in the Dining Hall building adjacent to the cafeteria. Attendees may cash checks using proper identification and indicating the course they are participating in. Banking hours are 9 a.m. - 1:30 p.m.

EXCHANGE STORE

A small Marine Corps Exchange is located in the Dining Hall building adjacent to the cafeteria. Personal care items, snacks items, and miscellaneous merchandise are available. The store is open from 10 a.m. - 6 p.m., Monday - Friday.

CASE FORMAT

VICTIMOLOGY

- Name
- Race
- Age
- Physical description (to include clothing)
- Social characteristics
- Other background information

CRIME

- Synopsis of crime
- Description of site of Bundy contact
- Known or suspected modus operandi
- Weapons, ligatures, etc.
- Description of body recovery site (or suspected dump site)
- Location and type of wounds
- Local map showing location of victim last seen and body recovery site, if recovered

AUTOPSY REPORT AND DIAGRAM OF INJURIES

FORENSIC LAB EXAMINATIONS ON CASE AND RESULTS

INVESTIGATIVE CONCLUSIONS

BUNDY ACCOUNT (IF AVAILABLE)

CURRENT CASE STATUS

TRAVEL ITINERARY

NAME: _____

SOCIAL SECURITY NO: _____

Date _____

_____ Leave _____ Airport _____ via _____.
 (city) (time) (airline)
 _____ Arrive _____, Washington, D.C. _____.
 (airport) (time)
 _____ Leave Washington, D.C. _____.
 (time)
 _____ Arrive Quantico, Va. _____.
 (time)
 _____ Leave Quantico, Va. _____.
 (time)
 _____ Arrive Washington, D.C. _____.
 (time)
 _____ Leave _____, Wash. D.C. _____ via _____.
 (airport) (time) (airline)
 _____ . Arrive _____ at _____.
 (city) (time)

COSTS FOR TRANSPORTATION

[illegible]

SECOND ATTEMPT

RICHARD W. LARSEN
ASSOCIATE EDITOR

The Seattle Times

FAIRVIEW AVENUE NORTH AND JOHN STREET
POST OFFICE BOX 70, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98111
(206) 464-2140

12/12/88

Dear Ted:

Greetings from Seattle... on a Monday morning that's mild, gray & misty. This is belated! I'd meant to send good wishes on your birthday (Remember, you & my wife, Deanie, share the same birthdate), but I got swept away in a mass of post-election work.

I don't know if you're aware of--or interested in--this year's elections. The big one here was for the Senate seat that Dan is vacating. It was Slade Gorton, trying to come back after losing his own seat in '86, versus Mike Lowry, the Jasser Arafat look alike. Both carried so many image negatives, it was impossible to think that either could win. Ted, with the right kind of campaign, you could have won on a write-in.

Perhaps I should apologize for the frivolous thought. This is not a frivolous

(2)

letter. I'm aware of the status of the writ petition and the probable outcome. And I'm trying hard to figure out an alternative to that death-sentence implementation. (A phrase, from some source, comes to mind: The death of any person diminishes me, since I am part of mankind.)

Ted, I know you've been told this, and you know this: But you are unique and you have unique opportunities to contribute to society. I know you'd wish to do that -- in, for example, helping law enforcement and society to better understand, identify and in other ways deal with personalities prone to criminal behavior. Both psychiatrists and law-enforcement guys have described you as a walking treasury of knowledge... and I know of your willingness to contribute under the right circumstances.

What can I do? I've had some conversations with others who share this

(3)

view. I've considered -- and may do it right away -- asking Dan to chat with Dick Thornburgh about an expression of desire from the feds that you be spared and placed at Quantico as an interstate information resource. I'm sure I can get some support for such an idea from families of certain murder victims and -- who knows? -- a governor or two. (I've never written about this: Should I?) And folks like Bill Buckley. I understand the law, and Florida and the political realities there. Thus I know the overwhelming odds of altering your circumstance. But I think something like this should be attempted and I might be specially qualified to make the attempt. And it should be now.

It all, of course, would depend on your inclination. I'd appreciate your thinking it over and letting me know. It should be your thought, your decision -- and not the lawyers.

(7)
I'd very much appreciate a reply, with
any thoughts you have. Let me know what
I can do As I've told you, I'd be willing
to come there at any time.

Deanie sends along greetings, best
wishes and her prayers.

peace.

-Dick

Keppel-Bundy
Correspondence
1984-1988